

GEN. FUNSTON DIES SUDDENLY

Major General of United States Army Collapses at San Antonio

LIVED BUT FEW HOURS

After Attack—Interesting Incidents Of a Remarkable Army Career

San Antonio, Texas, Feb. 19.—General Frederick Funston collapsed in a hotel here tonight and died shortly afterwards.

According to attending physicians, General Funston's death was due to acute indigestion.

He had just finished dinner, and was playing with a small child when he fell unconscious.

He was taken to his room, but physicians were unable to revive him.

Major General Frederick Funston was born at New Carlisle, Ohio, November 9, 1865, and was, therefore, in the fifty second year of his age at the time of his death.

When he was two years of age his parents moved to Kansas, where young Funston grew up. He was educated in the University of Kansas.

In 1890 he was a reporter on one of the newspapers in Kansas City. He became an authority on botany and an explorer of considerable reputation.

His adventurous spirit took him to Cuba during one of the numerous insurrections in that country and he served eighteen months in the Cuban army as captain, major and lieutenant colonel.

He was wounded in an engagement and returned to the United States, where he was given command of the twentieth Kansas infantry in the war of 1898, being sent to the Philippines, where he took part in many engagements and gained a nation wide reputation for his final capture of Aguinaldo.

He was promoted brigadier general April 1, 1901, and major general November 17, 1914.

He has been in command of the army on the border since the mobilization of the troops there consequent upon threatened trouble with Mexico.

An Interesting Career.

Not until 1896, when the Cuban insurrection was at its height did Frederick Funston become known throughout the United States as a first-class fighting man, but his friends in Kansas—where he spent his early manhood—long had so classed him.

As a student at the University of Kansas, when he weighed less than 100 pounds, he conquered a 200-pound "bad man" who threatened him with a razor. To add to the giant's humiliation, Funston marched him through the streets of Lawrence, Kansas, at the point of a revolver, to a police station.

A few years later, while city editor of a paper in Fort Smith, Arkansas, young Funston stirred up intense feeling by attacking editorially the publication's own political party leaders during the absence of his editor-in-chief. Many threats are said to have been made against Funston and the newspaper property, but he remained on guard until his superior returned and then turned over the plant unharmed. Incidentally, Funston also resigned.

Along the Santa Fe railroad they still recall how Funston, as a passenger train conductor, threw a drunken cowboy off a train and later, when he hurled a rock through a coach window, pursued him several miles on foot while the train waited.

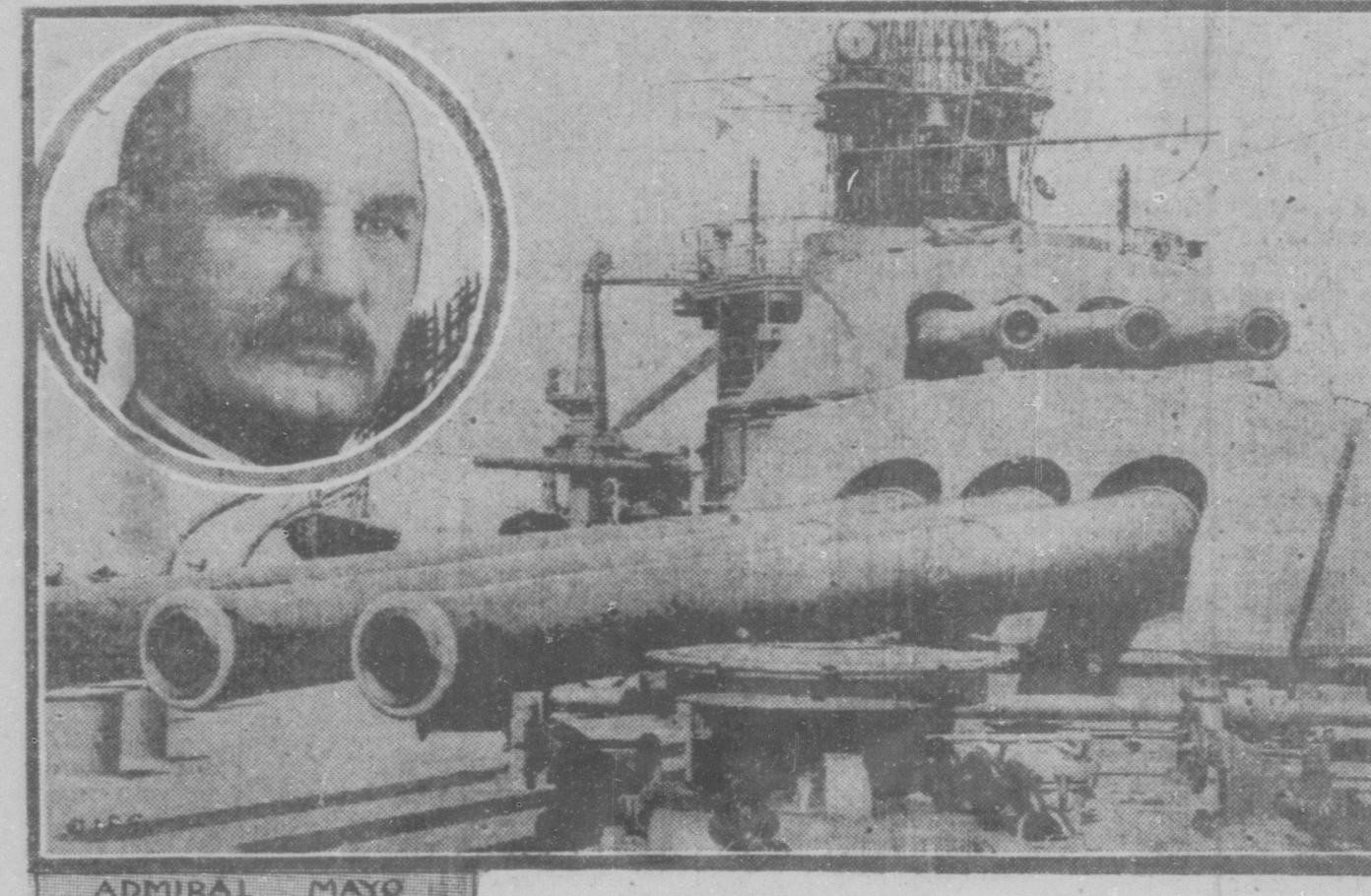
Funston's first experience on the firing line came in Cuba, where he commanded General Gomez's artillery with remarkable results. After engaging in twenty-two battles and being wounded three times, he resigned his command because fifty guerrillas who had aided the Spaniards were executed against his wishes. Captured by Spaniards on his way to Havana, he escaped death by swallowing a letter to the president of Cuba which would have proved his identity.

While a colonel of the famous twentieth Kansas volunteer infantry in the Philippine war, Funston performed feats of bravery that brought him the title of brigadier general. His capture of Aguinaldo and his forcing of the Rio Grande river at Columbus under fire featured his work.

Funston has been described by his superiors as absolutely fearless. Ever ready to plunge into danger, he cared little whether his force equalled that of his opponent. One day, the story goes, when it appeared certain the Filipinos would destroy three companies under Funston's command, General Harrison Gray Otis, inquired of the colonel how long he could hold his position.

"Until I am mustered out!" Fun-

These Guns Superior To Anything In German Navy



ADMIRAL MAYO

These mighty 14-inch rifles of the battleship Pennsylvania, flagship of Admiral Mayo of the Atlantic fleet, are superior to anything in the German navy. No single battleship of the kaiser could cope with this vessel. In fact, only the five great warships of the type of the Queen Elizabeth, finished since the beginning of the war by Great Britain, are the equal of the Pennsylvania.

MATTERS ARE SATISFACTORY FLORIDA GETS FINE PLACE WITHOUT SOME SENSATIONAL

In Cuba With Menocal's Troops Making Great Progress Against Rebels

Washington, Feb. 19.—Reports of the progress of President Menocal's forces against insurgent bands in Cuba have increased the hopes of the administration that peace may be established without American intervention.

It has been made plain that the full moral support of the United States will be given the Menocal administration.

Orestes Ferrara and Raimundo Cabrera, spokesmen of the liberal party, are here to represent the rebel party before the state department.

It was said at Secretary Lansing's office that they have made no attempt to see anyone connected with the government.

It is intimated that they would not be received as the representatives of the rebels and that little consideration will be given any representations they might make.

TWO ARRESTS IN NEW YORK

Charged With Aiding Germany In Obtaining Maps of England and Ireland

New York, Feb. 19.—Agents department of justice arrested tonight, two men charged with violating the federal laws against carrying on military enterprises against a foreign country. They gave their names as Albert A. Sander and Charles W. Wunnenburg. The complaint, signed by Judge Hand of the United States district court, charged them with conspiring to secure maps, photographs and other military information of England and Ireland to benefit Germany.

LOAD OF PASSENGERS ARRIVE FROM NASSAU

The British schooner Frances E. arrived from Nassau yesterday with 75 passengers, mostly negroes. She brought an asserted cargo of fruit. The passengers report everything exceptionally quiet at Nassau, due to the strict regulations in force by the Colonial officers.

FAMOUS PATTI NEARS SEVENTY-FIFTH MILESTONE

London, Feb. 19.—Adelina Patti, in private life the Baroness Cederstrom, entered upon her seventy-fifth year today, having been born in Madrid, Feb. 19, 1843. The famous singer

In Sundry Civil Bill For Continuing Work On Federal Buildings

Developments Transpire President Will Not Go To Congress This Week

Washington, Feb. 19.—There are strong indications, tonight, that unless some sensational developments precipitate immediate action, the president's next trip to congress in the crisis with Germany will be postponed until a few days before the adjournment of congress, March fourth.

The belief is still prevalent in official circles that the president intends to ask congress for authority to protect Americans and their ships against illegal submarine attack.

While a minority opposition in both houses exists, leaders are satisfied that the authority will be given if asked for by President Wilson.

The bill also provides an appropriation of \$5,000 for three ten houses and refrigerating plant at the Key West Marine hospital and \$7,000 for repairs and equipment of the detention hulk at the Key West quarantine station.

The war department asked an appropriation of \$350,000 for the enlargement and reclamation of Fort Taylor, Key West, but the appropriations committee did not include the item in the bill.

NEWSPAPER MAN DEAD

W. T. Bauskett, Secretary To Senator Bryan, Dies In Washington

(Special to The Herald) Washington, Feb. 19.—Wm. T. Bauskett, of Jacksonville, for several years secretary to Senator Nathan Bryan, and clerk of the senate committee on claims, died here, yesterday, aged 51.

Mr. Bauskett, a former newspaper man, began his newspaper work at St. Augustine, Fla. He was later made city editor of the Jacksonville Times Union, continuing in that position until appointed private secretary to Senator Taliferro, with whom he served two years.

He then returned to Florida and was appointed state historian, devoting two years to writing a history of that state. Upon the completion of that task he was appointed secretary to Senator Bryan.

He is survived by his wife, two daughters and a son.

whose voice held the world enthralled for so many years is reported to be in excellent health. On several occasions during the past three years she has appeared in public for the benefit of one or another of the war relief funds.

Large stock Mazda Lamps just received.—Railey-Milan Hardware Co.

FORCED

Back To Original Lines On the Tigris After Capturing Trenches

THE BRITISH HELD ON SEN. CUMMINS OPPOSES ONLY ONE BID MADE

Only For A Short Time and Could Not Withstand Counter Attacks

London, Feb. 19.—British troops on the left bank of the Tigris in Irak took the offensive, Saturday, against the Turks at Samnayat, says a British official statement.

The British troops captured two front lines of the Turkish trenches on a frontage of three hundred and fifty and five hundred yards, respectively.

It is expected that the bill will be passed tomorrow.

Senator Cummins said that the espionage measure was the most drastic and stringent ever proposed to curb a free people in time of peace or war.

He declared that the government would have absolute power in wartime to suppress newspapers and to prevent debate in congress. He objected strongly to the particular portion of the bill making it a crime to spread any report that might interfere with military operations by other persons, but that the provisions intended to prevent the spreading of rumors might interfere with military operations by causing disaffection.

Operations on all fronts have been carried out by small raiding parties, sappers and artillery.

London reports that on the front in France the British carried out a successful raid east of Souchez, while Berlin reports that the attempted British advance southeast of Messines and north of Armentiers, resulted in failure.

Artillery duels between the French and Germans at several sectors on the Verdun front have become quite severe.

On the line from the Baltic Sea to Rumania, there have been no developments.

The usual artillery actions and skirmishes continue in the Austro-Italian theatre and on the Macedonian front.

Submarines sunk two British steamers, with an aggregate of eight thousand.

FRENCH LINER DARES DANGER

Chicago With Ninety Americans Aboard, Departs For the Danger Zone

New York, Feb. 19.—The French liner Chicago, with ninety American passengers, sailed, today, for Beraudeux.

She must pass through the submarine zone declared blocked by Germany.

The Dochra, the first American ship sailing after the announcement of Germany's unrestricted submarine warfare, passed Gibraltar safely, it was announced by her owners, today. She left New York, February 2, for Genoa.

DESIGNS NEW GUN WHICH WILL REACH HOSTILE AIRSHIPS

Tampa, Feb. 19.—R. F. Bettis, county surveyor, states that he has prepared specifications for the construction of a type of rifle, that he declares, will be an effective means of defense against aircraft in case of war and that will be comparatively inexpensive to manufacture and supply with ammunition.

The rifle, he states, is to have a barrel seven feet long so bored as to give the bullet, of 40-calibre and an inch and a half long, a half turn before emerging from the muzzle. The rifle will weigh twenty-eight pounds and, while rather heavy, would be used as a detachable piece to be fired from the shoulder instead of being mounted. In this way it could be discharged at any angle desired.

Mr. Bettis declares that with the use of a rifle bullet with a hole through it from front to back the rifle will carry for 6,000 yards on a level or half that distance when fired straight up.

The effect of the hollow bullet is to tear a very large hole in anything it strikes.

Both the army and navy are making strenuous efforts to recruit both officers and men to the authorized strength.

Large stock Mazda Lamps just received.—Railey-Milan Hardware Co.

DRASTIC

Is Measure Proposed By Congress To Suppress Neutrality Violations

Councilman Will Make Tour of Cities to Investigate Warehouse Plans

THE BRITISH HELD ON SEN. CUMMINS OPPOSES ONLY ONE BID MADE

Measure Which He Says Will Suppress Free Speech and Free Press

Washington, Feb. 19.—Debate on the adjourned meeting held last night the city council rejected the only bid received on the warehouse and decided that they would begin all over again after Councilman Brady has visited a number of seaport cities and investigated warehouse conditions.

The entire council was present with Chairman Hefty presiding. As soon as the meeting was called to order Mr. Randolph presented the report of the Isham Randolph Company on the bids received in reply to the advertisement of the council. The report stated that only one bid had been received on the warehouse, that of E. W. Parker, who offered bids on the one, three and five sections both as to galvanized steel siding and asbestos protected siding.

There was slight difference between the two materials, and the report recommended the acceptance of the bid for asbestos metal siding which was, for one section, \$13,029; three sections \$28,692.86; five sections, \$43,933.30.

On the proposals for flooring, no bids were received for the wood block floor and only one from James R. Little for the concrete floor. The figures were, one section, \$933.18; three sections, \$2,595.60; five sections, \$4,109.70. The report recommended the rejection of this bid.

The Northern Engineering Works, of Detroit, filed the only bid for the traveling crane. The figures, \$35,750, were in the opinion of the engineers, too high and they recommended the rejection of the bid by the council.

A general discussion of the warehouse proposition followed in which several members of council made it plain that while they approved of the Randolph company as engineers, and the Randolph plan of building, it was not the kind of building they wanted and hence a motion to reject the bids was unanimously carried.

Councilman Erpert plead ignorance of any plans for the warehouse and was assured that such plans had been in the Engineer's office for more than two years. He thought the city was getting more doors than warehouses.

Councilman Romfh and Highleyman were agreed on the proposition that there was no need for haste and that no action should be taken until after conditions in other cities had been investigated. To this end Mr. Romfh moved that Councilman Brady be sent to a number of cities on the seacoast and after a full investigation of conditions report to the council his findings. Mr. Brady agreed to make the trip in the near future, and the motion was unanimously carried.

Latest reports indicate that at Camaguey and Santiago are there important forces to deal with. Rafael Martinez, Ybor Cuban consul at Tampa, it was learned today, made complaint before the United States post office inspector of the district of Jacksonville against Orestes Ferrara and Dr. Raimundo Cabrera, charging them with sending through the mails statements reflecting on the honor of President Menocal.

The other business to come before council was the reading of ordinance No. 234, placing the salary of the plumbng inspector at \$130 a month, effective February 1, 1917. This passed on its first reading, after which the meeting adjourned.

NIGHT SESSIONS FROM NOW ON

House Determined To Clear Off Calendar By March Fourth

Washington, Feb. 19.—Night sessions of the house for the most of the time from tomorrow until adjournment of congress are planned by democratic leaders, in order to expedite and get through with the necessary legislation before this congress expires on March fourth.

The army appropriation bill will be considered, tomorrow, and the military academy bill will follow. The Sundry civil service bill was reported today.

There will be fights over the prohibition measures including the senate amendment to the postoffice bill, and the senate bill for prohibition in the District of Columbia, which are liable to be precipitated at any time.

START TRAINING CIVILIANS

Boston, Feb. 19.—An important step in the direction of naval preparedness was taken today, when classes of instruction for men planning to enroll for the civilian cruises next summer were opened on the U. S. Virginia at the Charlestown navy yard.

The classes also will accommodate men for the naval coast defense reserve, and for certain other classes of the naval reserve force.

This Afternoon and Tonight at the Paramount—Last Chance To See

"THE BIRTH of a NATION"First and Last Tour To Miami
Main Floor \$1.50; Boxes \$2.00All Seats Reserved
Prices: Balcony \$1.00;**DADE FARMERS BEING URGED TO CO-OPERATE****PROPHET NASH GOING NORTH IS REPORTED**

Can Make County Fair the Best Ever Held Says Secretary Blackman

HIS TENT ENGAGEMENT

Failed To Materialize—Interested Audience and Police Were Promptly On Hand

In a vigorous appeal to the farmers of Dade county E. V. Blackman, secretary and general manager of the Dade County Fair, urges them to exhibit everything they grow or raise, and make the fair this year the best one ever held. His statement is as follows:

To the farmers of Dade county:

"For twenty years Dade county has held its annual fair, without cessation, although during these years there have been more or less drawbacks and discouraging conditions, yet the farmers and fruit growers through the county have never failed the Fair Association and each year regardless of conditions a display has been maintained that has been most creditable, a display of the products of Dade county that has always been a surprise to the thousands of visitors and has had a great influence in the bringing to Dade county thousands of permanent settlers. During these years, Miami has grown from a hamlet of a few hundred inhabitants, to a city of nearly thirty thousand people, with every modern convenience known in the older cities throughout the United States. During these years, the country districts have made a most phenomenal growth, hundreds of miles of hard surface roads have been built, palatial homes have taken the place of the log cabin, thousands of acres of citrus trees have taken the place of the pine forests and in every portion of the county, there is a that is evident that other sections do not nor can attain. The Dade County Fair, has been the most potent factor of all in bringing about this wonderful change. Its wonderful climate, of course has been a great factor, but not the chief factor."

In case the soils of Dade county had proven barren, of no value whatever for agricultural or horticultural purposes, there would today have been no city of Miami with its thirty thousand inhabitants; there would be no thousands of acres planted and yielding an abundance of citrus and other fruits; there would be no hundreds of miles of hard-surface roads, covering the entire county; there would be no thriving villages in different portions of the county; there would not have been the push and energy that has been displayed, which has built a city and prosperous towns and turned a veritable wilderness into the most prosperous county in the state of Florida. If the land had not yielded its increase in a most wonderful measure; but on the other hand had proven barren and worthless, climate and advertising would have been of no avail, hence the men that have contributed most to the building up of this wonderful country, have been the "men behind the hoe," the men through encouragement and discouragements, have kept a steady strong hand in the demonstration of what the soils of Dade county will and do produce although with many the "man behind the hoe," is given very little credit for what he has been instrumental in doing.

Climate, railroads, steamship lines, deep water and all the blessings which the residents of Dade county and Miami enjoy, are surely great factors, which have done much toward the development of Miami and Dade county; but the main and basic factor is and has been, that the soils of Dade county are productive and that farmers and fruit growers do and have for years been sending out vast quantities of fruits and vegetables to supply the demands of the people who live in a far less favored part of the country, during the winter season.

"Although it is a fact that a serious freeze has swept down over this section, yet the farmer and fruit growers are not discouraged, but have gone to work to recuperate their losses.

"In some cases we have been advised not to hold the Twenty-First annual Dade County Fair, on account of the cold; but we do not think this good or sound advice.

"In the early days of the Dade County Fair, while it was under the management of the Florida East Coast Railway, a disaster came in the shape of cold, blighting the crops. The advice given by a large number was "do not attempt to hold a fair this year." The premium lists were printed and distributed and we felt that it would harm Dade county more to give up the fair, than it would to hold the fair, even if the display was small. The fair was held, with the most flattering results.

"The late Henry M. Flagler, Mr.

PANAMA BLEACHERY

Ladies' and Gent's' Parasols, Straws, Bands, Lace, Linen and Manillas.
All kinds of Hats Cleaned
Reshaped and Restrimmed
All Work Guaranteed.

CLEMENTS MARONE
Union Station

501 12th St., Miami, Florida.

PROPHET NASH GOING NORTH IS REPORTED

Said To Have Been Seen Last Night Headed For A Cool Climate

HIS TENT ENGAGEMENT

Failed To Materialize—Interested Audience and Police Were Promptly On Hand

John Nash, the self-styled Israelite pilgrim, who was to have spoken at the Gospel Mission tent at avenue F and Eleventh street last night, failed to appear as scheduled and thereby probably escaped a warm reception, for more than two hundred especially interested citizens were present and he might have been dealt with sharply had he attempted to make remarks against the United States flag such as are contained in circulars that he had given out.

At the gospel tent last night Mrs. M. W. Henderson explained that Nash had only been invited to handle a poisonous snake which she herself had been done without injury by persons claiming to be immune from poison. Neither did she give Nash permission to preach on negro equality, she said, and when the "prophet" called at the tent yesterday afternoon she told him that she would not tolerate any such thing as an insult to the flag but said that Nash could come back to the tent and preach if he felt led to do so.

The fact that the "prophet" was not led to return to the gospel tent was shown by his absence when the time of beginning the service arrived, for he was not to be seen, and after the large crowd had waited in vain for him to appear several of the men jumped in their automobiles and proceeded toward Lemon City where it was reported that he had been seen walking northward.

Nash was in the city late yesterday afternoon, and later a report came back that he was seen going northward in the vicinity of Buena Vista. That the man was going out of the city was indicated later in the evening when some parties reported having seen him on the road near that place about 8 o'clock last night.

The self-styled prophet would have probably been dealt with severely by some of the men who were at the gospel tent last night, and the police were on hand to prevent any disturbance. Earlier in the day Chief Whitman gave orders to the police to be on hand and arrest Nash immediately if he attempted to make any utterances against the flag or make any remarks that might tend to incite riot.

J. E. Ingraham, J. R. Parrott and other officials of the Florida East Coast Railroad, visited the fair and were greatly elated over the magnificent display of vegetables which had been gathered together. In this time of need, the "man behind the hoe" did not desert us; but brought in to the fair such products as he had and the bringing in of the small lots from each farmer made a display that was most satisfactory and dispelled the dark cloud that hung over the future of Dade county, by the publishing abroad a story that "everything in Dade County had been frozen out." The fact that the fair was held within two or three weeks after the cold and a display that could not have been duplicated in any section of the United States was made, was one of Dade County's great achievements and advertisements. Thousands of visitors from the north, wrote to their friends, newspapers in all sections of the United States commented most favorably on the fair and what was on exhibition. This disaster turned out to be a great and telling advertisement for Miami and Dade county. Had the farmers at that time deserted us, kept their products at home or shipped them to the north, refusing to show their products, the fair would have been a failure and a dismal one; but the "man behind the hoe," came forward, made his exhibit and crowned the fair as one of the biggest successes it had ever made up to that time.

"We are now facing a disaster, one that is widespread and we appeal to the farmers who have saved their crops to stand by the fair, bring in whatever they may have for exhibition purposes and make the Twenty-First Annual Fair the most successful fair held. The fair has reached its majority—twenty one years—and with the co-operation of the most memorable fair held in its history. In the years past the farmers and fruit growers have never disappointed the Fair Association and will not this year. We want to make this the crowning effort of twenty one years of continued service.

"The late Henry M. Flagler, Mr.

U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE WEATHER BUREAUFORECAST FOR FLORIDA:
Generally fair Tuesday and Wednesday; somewhat cooler in north portion Tuesday; moderate southwest to west winds.LOCAL WEATHER REPORT
February 19, 1917.
7 a.m. 7 p.m.
Barometer, sea level 30.23 30.21
Temperature 73 78
Relative humidity, pct. 82 79
Wind direction SE SE
Wind velocity 3 7
Precipitation, inches 0 0
State of weather clear clear
Relative humidity, 2 p.m. 67
Highest temperature 79
Lowest temperature 70
Mean temperature 74
Normal tem. for this date 69
Total precipitation since Feb. 1, inches 0.25
Deficiency since Feb. 1, inches 1.45
Deficiency since Jan. 1, inches 4.69
Accumulated deficiency in temperature since Feb. 1, degrees 135
Accumulated deficiency in temperature since Jan. 1, degrees 58
Same date last year.
Highest temperature 74
Lowest temperature 55Almanac, February 20.
Sun rises 5:53 a.m.
Sun sets 5:17 p.m.
Moon souths 10:33 a.m.
Moon rises 6:33 a.m., 21st.Tides for Cape Florida
HIGH LOW
a.m. p.m. a.m. p.m.
Tues. ... 7:11 7:07 1:04 12:19
Wed. ... 7:48 7:58 1:40 1:18
Thurs. ... 8:25 8:48 2:14 2:14

NOTE—For high or low water in Biscayne Bay at Miami add 1 hour 20 minutes.

RICHARD W. GRAY,
Meteorologist.

Temperature and precipitation data reported by U. S. Weather bureau, February 19, 1917.

	Lowest tempera-	Highest tempera-	Precipitation
	ture today.	ture last night.	Last 24 hours.
Atlantic City, N. J.	28	34	0
Boston, Mass.	18	28	0
Charleston, S. C.	52	66	0
Chicago, Ill.	24	38	0.10
Denver, Colo.	14	38	0
Des Moines, Iowa	22	28	0.20
Detroit, Mich.	14	—	—
Galveston, Tex.	64	70	0.01
Kansas City, Mo.	26	44	0.01
Louisville, Ky.	34	62	0.06
Memphis, Tenn.	48	74	0.18
Minneapolis, Minn.	16	20	0.06
Montgomery, Ala.	60	80	0.10
Montreal, Que.	0	10	0
New Orleans, La.	70	80	0
New York, N. Y.	24	34	0
Oklahoma, Okla.	44	62	0
Phoenix, Ariz.	42	58	0.02
Pittsburg, Pa.	32	58	0
Portland, Ore.	36	40	0.28
St. Louis, Mo.	30	60	0.28
Salt Lake City, Utah	22	34	0
San Diego, Cal.	48	58	0.04
San Francisco, Cal.	44	54	0.28
Seattle, Wash.	34	42	0.16
Shreveport, La.	64	76	0
Toledo, Ohio	20	42	0.06
Washington, D. C.	34	36	0
Winnipeg, Man.	30	4	0

Florida Reports.
Bartow 56 90 0
Eustis 58 86 0
Ft. Lauderdale 56 82 0
Ft. Myers 62 84 0
Ft. Pierce 64 86 0
Jacksonville 58 82 0.02
Key West 70 80 0
Orlando 56 90 0
Pensacola 62 —
Sanford 56 88 0
Tampa 64 78 0

NOTE—Highest temperature and precipitation data for Bartow, Eustis, Ft. Lauderdale, Ft. Myers, Ft. Pierce, Orlando and Sanford are for the 24 hours ending at 7 a.m., while at all other stations the 24-hour period ends at 7 p.m. of the current date.

OBITUARY

C. J. Peterson.

C. J. Peterson, who has been confined in the city hospital for several days, died at that institution about midnight last night. The deceased had been a sufferer from Bright's disease. The body was taken to the Combs undertaking establishment where it will be prepared for burial.

WEATHER EVERYWHERE EXCEPTIONALLY GOOD

"Not exactly the Miami brand," said Meteorologist Gray yesterday, "but the entire country is enjoying remarkably good weather today." It is rather unusual that there is not a disturbance of any kind anywhere in the country. A cold wave, however, is in evidence over the extreme northwest, and the indications are that it will move in and cause a drop in temperatures as far south as the northern part of the state. Miami will have a lower temperature, but as yet there is nothing uncomfortable in sight."

GEN. FUNSTON DIES SUDDENLY

(Continued from Page One)

ton replied; and he made good by repulsing the Filipinos.

When the volunteers were discharged, Funston retained his rank as a member of the regular army. As a regular he made a mark by maintaining order in San Francisco during the disaster of 1906. Temporarily in charge of the troops at the Presidio, when the disturbance came, he quickly declared martial law and set about obtaining accommodations for the homeless, keeping down the cost of food and arresting troublemakers. It was while he was in command of the troops at Vera Cruz in 1914 that he was raised to the rank of major general. He then was 49 years old.

The ambition of Funston's youth was to go to West Point, but he failed in an entrance examination. In later years he repeatedly outranked West Pointers who were in school when he was admitted.

Physically, Funston was one of the smallest men in the United States army. He was barely five feet and five inches tall and usually weighed less than 120 pounds. In civil life he was modest and retiring.

News Reaches Washington Washington, Feb. 19.—The news of Major General Frederick Funston's death was telegraphed to Secretary Baker's home where the president and most of the ranking officers in Washington were present at a dinner.

General Funston was the youngest major general of the line, being fifty one years of age. He has been the commanding general of the southern department of the United States army since 1915, and since March 1915 he has been in command of all the United States forces on the Mexican border, always working at his usual pace.

Secretary Baker paid a high tribute to General Funston.

Pershing in Command.

Washington, Feb. 19.—Major General Pershing, who has been in command of El Paso district since the troops were withdrawn from Mexico, automatically succeeds to duties of commander of the southern department until an appointment is made. He was recently made Major-General. He is the only officer of that rank now assigned to the southern department.

Cause of Death.

San Antonio, Texas, Feb. 19.—Col. M. W. Ireland, Funston's physician, said tonight that death was caused by angina pectoris of arteries of the heart. He added that death was immediate and without pain.

BEANS ARE NOW A LUXURY.

One Writer Buys Them by the Dozen For Necklaces

There was once a time when the bean was held in such low esteem on account of its cheapness that the government fed it to soldiers. We used to refer to soldiers as "poor devils," because they had nothing to eat but beans.

Beans were consumed in large quantities by the army and by poor people, including newspaper persons who frequented the low-browed restaurants. To realize fully the low station of the bean at the time one need only remember that the jitney restaurants were all called "beaneries."

But that was back in the days when the Primrose, Barlow and West minstrels represented the highest type of theatrical diversion and people ate dinner at noon.

A few days ago our fireside companion discovered that beefsteak was growing to be somewhat above our station in life and expressed the fear starvation was imminent.

"Fear not, little one," said we; "beans shall sustain us and keep us alive. From time immemorial the people have fallen back upon this faithful vegetable in times of stress."

So we bid to the grocer to buy enough beans to last us until spring. We thought about 70 cents would turn the trick.

"Beans retail at \$7.50 a bushel," said the grocer.

"On account of the war?" we gasped, as we clutched a cracker barrel for support.

"No," he replied. "Not on account of the war, but on account of the price."

We told him we had always bought beans for 90 cents a bushel, but that didn't seem to affect him. We bought three dozen beans and took them home. The wife will make a necklace of them.—New York Mail.

SOME REAL FISHING.

A party consisting of C. L. Birmingham of Chicago and C. A. Shirk of Muncie, Ind., were out on the charter-boat Angler, Captain John Crossett, yesterday and brought in a large number of fish. In all there were twenty-seven fish of eight varieties, and it was one of the best catches that has been brought into the Royal Palm dock this season. The catch included the largest cero of the season which attracted attention while photographs were being taken. It was Mr. Shirk's first trip to the fishing banks and he expressed himself as being delighted with the sport.

TODAY AT THE FOTOSHO MATINEE 5c and 10c—EVENING 10c and



Marjory Stoneman Douglas

Free Clinic is Assured Also the Day Nursery By Doctor's Generosity

A special called meeting of the Woman's Relief association was held in the parlors of the San Carlos yesterday afternoon for the purpose of considering the really wonderful piece of good fortune that has fallen to the association.

It has long been the dream of the association leaders that a free clinic and a day nursery should be established. Yesterday afternoon Mrs. Burkhill announced that Dr. Edwin M. Jones, who was greatly interested in the question and the necessity of a free clinic here in the city, had loaned the use of a piece of ground on avenue D for the association for ninety-nine years, to be used by them for the purpose of a free clinic and a day nursery. The offer of Dr. Jones was accepted with more than alacrity and plans were immediately discussed as to erecting a suitable structure on the lot. Dr. Jones had offered also to move away a small house that stood on the lot.

A committee was appointed by the president, Mrs. Smith, to see Dr. Jones for the purpose of getting a price on the house. The committee called on him immediately and instead of giving them a price on the house

the doctor told them that he would include the house with the lot in the ninety-nine year loan.

So that at the end of the afternoon yesterday the Woman's Relief association practically owned a lot with a six room house as a basis for the free clinic and the day nursery which they have so long desired.

Work will begin immediately to raise sufficient funds to put the house in good shape for its new uses. There will be ample room for the clinic, rooms for the children of working mothers with an attendant nurse, playground space and rest room and a room set apart for the use of the doctors who will contribute their services to the clinic. Possibly a dental clinic can be established at the same time.

The association expressed their deep gratitude to Dr. Jones yesterday afternoon and are already asking for funds to make the work, which is so greatly needed here, possible. Mrs. Julius Smith, president of the association, which handles all the charitable work for all the organizations of the city will take up the matter immediately.

Suffrage State Meeting Plans Well Developed By Miami Contingent

At the business meeting of the Miami Equal Suffrage league yesterday afternoon many preparations were made for the state convention which is to be held in Miami, March 15 and 16.

The committees in charge of arrangements which were appointed by the president, Mrs. A. L. Andrus, yesterday afternoon were as follows:

Place of meeting—Mrs. J. I. Conklin.

Decoration—Mrs. J. T. Gratingy, Mrs. J. W. Warner, Mrs. Soar and Mrs. Harrison.

Entertainment—Mrs. T. V. Moore, Mrs. Junkin, Mrs. Harvey Jarrett, Mrs. H. O. Houston, Mrs. W. M. Brown, Mrs. Douglas.

Press—Mrs. Lon Warner, Miss Hatte Carpenter, Miss Ruby Leach.

Ushers—Mrs. Parry and Mrs. A. J. Myers.

Finance—Mrs. J. D. McKenney and Mrs. George Okell.

Music—Mrs. C. H. Reeder, Mrs.

Sproule-Baker, Mrs. Charles Cushman, Mrs. Reynolds.

A committee to arrange for a tea or banquet to honor the coming of Dr. Anna Howard Shaw. This committee is Mrs. William Mark Brown, Mrs. Allen, Mrs. Caddigan.

Mrs. Kate Havens reported a letter from Mrs. John V. Cowling, president of the Palm Beach league, asking the Miami league to come to Palm Beach on March 6 to 8 and participate in the suffrage demonstration.

Mrs. George Avery made a very interesting talk on what suffrage has meant in Colorado. She spoke particularly on prohibition and the eight hour law.

Delegates to the convention were elected as follows: Mrs. Havens, Mrs. Conklin, Mrs. Clarkson, Mrs. Jarrett, Mrs. Charles DeGarmo, Mrs. William M. Brown, Mrs. Hicks Allen, Mrs. Junkin, Mrs. Dilts, Mrs. Woodburn.

Alternates, Mrs. Albro, Mrs. York, Mrs. Wilhelm, Mrs. J. A. Gates, Mrs. Douglas, Mrs. Soar, Miss Susie Pope.

FOURTH DEGREE SUNDAY IN KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS CLASS OF SEVENTY-FIVE

A party of officials of the New York Life Insurance company, who have been spending the past three weeks on a fishing trip in two boats, the Florence W. III and Jack London's old boat, the historic Samoa, returned yesterday to Miami enthusiastic about their cruise and the great variety of fishing which they had enjoyed. They reported fine luck and an unusually large variety of fish caught.

Some of the party left last night for New York while others will remain in the city until the twenty-second.

Richard A. Shine, local New York Life agent, arranged and directed the party, which was made up of Thomas A. Buchner, first vice-president of the company; John C. McCall, second vice-president; Thad C. Bell, Southern Inspector of agents; James E. Briggs, Inspector of agents for the eastern departments; W. M. Harris, Inspector for Greater New York; Frank Campbell and Cleveland A. Dunn of New York.

VAN WERT, OHIO, VISITORS PLEASANTLY ENTERTAINED

Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Johnston, Mr. and Mrs. Perry Edson, Mr. and Mrs. John Alexander, Mrs. Elizabeth S. Johnston and Miss Helen Wilson Hainlin, former residents of Van Wert, O., entertained at the residence of C. B. Johnston, Ft. Dallas Park, the following Miami visitors from Van Wert: Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Humphreys, Mr. and Mrs. E. Harrie, France, Helen Margaret and Florence Juliet France, Mr. and Mrs. L. C. Miller, Dr. and Mrs. J. G. Eblin, Mr. and Mrs. Earl Gleason, Mr. and Mrs. C. F. Wassenberg, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Wilson, Hilah Helen Wilson, Clifford H. Wilson, Mrs. Hilah Hough Powers, Mrs. Jane Leeson, Mrs. John Sidle, Mrs. Mary Woodruff, Miss Grace Grissell, Mrs. M. J. Johnston, Miss Orlo E. Hainlin of Miami, Joe Bell of Ft. Wayne, Ind., E. F. Elliott of Minneapolis, Minn.

The merry crowd named the gathering "The Van Wert, Ohio, Boosters for Miami, Fla." and had a flashlight taken of the crowd to establish the event, thirty-one being direct Van Wert residents.

Refreshments were served and at a late hour they departed after a happy evening.

Personal Mention

Miss Edna Fulford of Key West is the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Jno. T. Knight at 209 Fifth street.

Walter Richardson Love, a former resident of Miami, has returned from his home at Maryville, Tenn., to remain several weeks.

George Nelson has returned to Miami from Dallas, Tex., and hopes to remain here permanently. He lived in Miami for several years, but left in a year and a half ago for Texas.

Mr. and Mrs. George Young, who have been living in Miami for the past month or two, have returned to Ft. Lauderdale and are again occupying their home on West Middle street.—Ft. Lauderdale Herald.

D. A. R. TO OBSERVE WASHINGTON'S BIRTHDAY

Everglades chapter Daughters of the American Revolution assisted by pupils of Miami high school will hold a patriotic meeting on February 22 in the assembly room of the high school building at 2:45 in the afternoon. Mrs. Sewell by request will

read a paper on "Our Flag." All are cordially invited to attend especially visiting D. A. R. members.

On Wednesday in the Royal Palm State park Mrs. Loveland, chairman for the Florida Federation of the park, will entertain the park committee at the first dinner to be served at the new park lodge. The committee includes all the presidents of the clubs south of Ft. Lauderdale.

A meeting of members of the Ladies' Aid and Missionary society of the Staunton Memorial chapel has been called for Friday afternoon at two o'clock.

Meeting of Riverside division of the Baptist Ladies' Aid society will be held on Friday afternoon at three o'clock at the home of Mrs. J. M. McGrathlin, 1402 avenue J.

A. P. Moore and Mrs. Moore (Lillian Russell) were the guests yesterday of Governor and Mrs. John F. Robinson on his yacht Elma. The other guests were Miss Cooper of Chicago and Mr. Gil Robinson of Atlantic City. The party enjoyed a delightful trip up the river and bay.

FOREIGN AND
HOME MISSION

The Ladies' Missionary society of Trinity Methodist church held an especially interesting meeting yesterday afternoon.

Mrs. T. V. Moore was in entire charge of the afternoon's program and talked fascinatingly on both foreign and home missions. Her foreign topic was the women of Japan, while she spoke of the Kingdom Coming of the Cotton Mills. A large membership listened to her with keen attention for she made both talks most vivid and clear in her usual charmingly succinct manner.

WEDDING REPORTED
FROM NARANJA

The Herald is informed that on Saturday night at Naranja Joseph Hillard, Jr., and Miss Margaret McClenon of Princeton were married at the home of the groom's parents, by S. A. Murden, notary public. About thirty friends of the couple were present.

DOCK WAREHOUSES
SHOULD BE LARGE
ENOUGH FOR FUTURE

It is the opinion of City Councilman Brady that none of the plans for the proposed warehouses on the city docks contemplate a building or building or building, year large enough to provide adequately for the volume of freight in prospect under present conditions. He has been making some personal investigations of conditions prevailing at the warehouses in Miami, and has come to the conclusion that there are not near sufficient facilities for the proper handling of the great amount of freight arriving in Miami every day. He says he was amazed at the congestion, and resolved if possible to remedy this if he can in arranging for the city warehouses.

The Randolph plan on which the city has been working," says Mr. Brady, "makes no provision for taking care of local freight. The engineers seem to feel that all their attention should be given to freight in transit, when as a matter of fact I know from experience that there is more local freight handled at the warehouses in thirty days than there is transient freight in a year."

BIRTH OF A SON

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Kemp are rejoicing over the arrival at their home, 326 Fifth street, on Sunday, of an eight-pound boy. Mr. Kemp, who is a member of the local fire department, was exceedingly happy over the new arrival yesterday.

PURCHASED A YACHT

Jesse L. Livermore, wealthy New York financier, who has been in the city for the past two or three days, closed a deal yesterday for the purchase of the yacht Sweetheart, which deal was made through Gus Mitchell, of Palmer and Mitchell. Mr. Livermore has chartered the yacht Venerable, which belongs to Mr. Jones, for the balance of the season. The Sweetheart was the property of G. A. Miller, of Philadelphia, who brought the yacht here this fall.

THEIR LIGHTS TOO BRIGHT

Motorcycle Policeman Edward H. McDade last night arrested Dr. A. O. Yearian, J. Nayle and M. L. Hampton, who were each charged with burning bright headlights on their automobiles. They were held in \$5 bail each for their appearance in the municipal court this morning.

SURPRISED AT DEVELOPMENT IN ONE YEAR

Jacksonville Citizen Who Is More Than Pleased With Riverside Heights

"I have just returned from a trip through Riverside Heights," said D. V. Carter, of Jacksonville, Saturday afternoon, "and I find it hard to believe that all of the wonderful building and development I saw there was accomplished in one year. I have been connected with a number of big development companies, in Jacksonville, in Los Angeles and in other cities, and I want to say that the Tatum's can hand it to any of them, when it comes to developing a first class subdivision.

"We thought we were going some when we developed Atlantic Beach a few years ago, but we didn't begin to accomplish what has been done in Riverside Heights in our two years of work there.

"Of course Riverside Heights has the great advantage of being very close in and really is a part of the down town section of Miami, or at least I would consider it so, with its excellent street car facilities, its paved streets and within a few minutes' walk of the business section of the city.

"It is surprising to me that the entire subdivision has not been sold out long ago, especially at the reasonable prices that are being asked for lots. Lots as well located in most cities that are growing would sell for considerably more than is asked in Riverside Heights.

"The class of homes and the beautiful architecture and the general appearance of the entire subdivision is enough to attract the attention of anyone who is a lover of the beautiful and artistic, and this should certainly become one of the favorite residence sections of Miami in the immediate future."

Mr. Carter is in Miami representing the Agricultural Securities Company, which is establishing immense stock ranches in the northern part of the state and adding another to the wonderfully versatile industries of Florida.

PHIL RADER'S TALK
AT WHITE TEMPLE

Phil Rader, the aviator, gave an interesting talk on his experience in the present European war to the members of the Men's Club of the White Temple last night. Rader told of his anxiety for aviation experience on the side of the allies, but when he first enlisted he was compelled to serve as an ordinary soldier in France and saw much service in the trenches. He was in the trenches when the Christmas truce was agreed to in December, 1914, and the soldiers from the French and German armies exchanged souvenirs with each other.

After about six months service in France Rader was sent back to England, where he was made a member of the Royal Flying corps and served until he returned to America.

Rader's talk was filled with interesting experiences which were expressed in a pleasing manner, and he held the attention of his audience for more than an hour.

PRIESTS HAVE AN AUTO

Rev. Frs. Brisban and Hanhauser of the Church of the Holy Name are the proud possessors of a handsome new Buick five passenger automobile, a 1917 model, with all of the latest equipments. The car was presented to the Fathers by some members of their congregation and tourist friends who objected to seeing the priests riding the traffic-congested streets on bicycles. It was appropriately presented on the anniversary of the accident by which Father McLaughlin was knocked from his bicycle and sustained a broken arm.

DISPLAY OF BELGIAN LACES

Mr. and Mrs. Robert Dethoor, Belgian lace manufacturers, arrived in Miami Saturday. They will display for sale at Milady Shop their beautiful assortment of lace, most of which is made during the war. One lace dress in Duchesse and rose point, if it can be sold, will help to relieve the distress of the Belgian children, as Mr. and Mrs. Dethoor gave fifty per cent of the sale price to the American aid for homeless Belgian children.

The Randolph plan on which the city has been working," says Mr. Brady, "makes no provision for taking care of local freight. The engineers seem to feel that all their attention should be given to freight in transit, when as a matter of fact I know from experience that there is more local freight handled at the warehouses in thirty days than there is transient freight in a year."

BIRTH OF A SON

Mr. and Mrs. R. S. Kemp are rejoicing over the arrival at their home, 326 Fifth street, on Sunday, of an eight-pound boy. Mr. Kemp, who is a member of the local fire department, was exceedingly happy over the new arrival yesterday.

THEIR LIGHTS TOO BRIGHT

Motorcycle Policeman Edward H. McDade last night arrested Dr. A. O. Yearian, J. Nayle and M. L. Hampton, who were each charged with burning bright headlights on their automobiles. They were held in \$5 bail each for their appearance in the municipal court this morning.

THE AGGRESSIVE FIGHTER ONE WHO WINS APPLAUSE

(By Jack Veiock.)

New York, Feb. 19.—"It's certainly good to see a fighter of the aggressive, rushing type these days," observed an old timer recently.

"Nine boxers out of every ten who are fighting now lack the steam and the love of a battle that the pugs of the old days had. And believe me, the fightin' of other years had it all over the style of today."

The old fight fan was looking rather wistful and we asked him who, among the present day fighters could compare with some of the better mixers of the old days.

"When it comes to that," said he, "I don't believe I can name many, who are as good at the business of standing toe to toe and slugging, feinting and blocking as they used to be fifteen and twenty years ago. In the lighter classes the boys have come more and more to making the game a sparring game, pure and simple. You seldom hear of knockouts. In the class of the biggest heavyweights, I don't figure the field can hold a candle to the old timers, but there are two boys in the lightweight class who have some of the traits that made the game of other years a thriller.

"They are Jack Dillon and Billy Miske, I might mention one or two others, but what's the use? These two fellows look like the cream of the lightweights. I can't say anything about Darcy, for, of course, I haven't seen him in a battle, but they say he is a toe-to-toe slugger and likes to mix it.

"When Dillon and Miske go into battle they go in there for blood. I've seen a lot of fights, but there are few of them that can be compared with a battle between these two for good, solid, unadulterated slugging. Both can hit, and it seems like every time they start a punch they stick viciousness into it. They show a fellow something for his coin.

"You know," continued the old boy, "that that sort of battle is what won the title for Jim Jeffries. He was a devil in close quarters and he loved a fight. He wasn't clever like Corbett, but he was young and tough and he fought with every ounce of brawn and determination he had in his body.

"I was on hand when Jeff fought Corbett at Coney Island back in 1900, nearly seventeen years ago. Say, there was a battle for you, and Corbett put up a wonderful fight, even though he had a younger and stronger man in front of him. Corbett knew he had a tough egg in Jeff, and he depended on his craft to put him over.

"Well, you know Jeff put him out in the twenty-third round, and everybody was surprised, because they thought Jim was slick enough to stick out the twenty-five rounds, and get another match right away. They did fight later, but not at Coney.

"After Jeffries had pushed that fight for twenty rounds, forcing Corbett around the ring and following him every inch of the way, cutting loose with volleys of rights and lefts and goin' just like an engine, he found out he'd have to corner Corbett if he hoped to hang on the winning wallop, and this finally happened in the twenty-third round.

"It was Jeffries' aggressiveness and his love of a fight that made him a winner. And it's just that kind of stuff in Dillon and Miske that makes them look so good. The old hammer-away idea is the idea, it is. You can have all your fancy boys. Put 'em in frames for all I care. But give me the hammer and tongs lads who love to fight."

Not so many years ago the fellows who handled the indicators in baseball were constantly painted as second-story workers and footpads by writers all over the country. There was no such thing as a good umpire. They simply didn't grow 'em, that's all.

And an umpire was never right. The players used to take every loop-hole they could find to yelp over decisions, and many of them, like George Hogrigg, for instance, were never out. They couldn't be convinced they were out if a fly ball was caught. But now all that has changed, and the umpiring persons get little credit when they deliver the goods.

Take any of

The Miami Herald

MEMBER FLORIDA STATE PRESS ASSOCIATION



MEMBER ASSOCIATED PRESS

Published Every Morning by the Miami Herald
a Corporation

SUBSCRIPTION RATES

One Year	56.00
Six Months	3.00
Three Months	1.50
One Month50
Per Week (by carrier)15
Sunday Edition	2.00
Weekly Edition, per year	1.50

Remit by Express Money Order, Draft, Postoffice Order or Registered Letter. Address communications to The Miami Herald.

"Entered as second class matter, November 30, 1910, at the post office at Miami, Florida, under the Act of March 3, 1879."

Telephone

REPRESENTATIVES FOREIGN ADVERTISING
BRYANT, GRIFFITH & FREDRICKS, (Incorporated)225 Fifth Avenue, New York, N. Y.
201 Devonshire St., Boston, Mass., Peoples Gas Bidg., Chicago, Ill.

Tuesday, February, 20, 1917.

FUNSTON DEAD

There will be general sadness, this morning, at the news of the death of General Frederick Funston, which occurred at San Antonio, last night, without warning.

The affection of the American people for Frederick Funston arose, very largely, because he, himself, sprang from the common people, and without the usual education at West Point made his way to the highest rank of the army, by sheer American grit and ability.

No history of any of the celebrated characters brought out in the course of our national life, reads more like a romance than his. The stories of his bravery and his resourcefulness are innumerable, and while an army officer does not, outside the circle of his immediate friends, always obtain that popularity that men in other walks of life sometimes do, yet Frederick Funston was a national hero and the object of great national affection. His death, in the very fruiting of manhood, will be regretted.

INVESTIGATE IT ALL

There are some indications that the investigation made by the Federal Trade Commission into the news print paper situation is to bear fruit.

It has been stated that the commission finds beyond the possibility of a doubt, that the real cause of the inordinate advance in the price of paper, is not scarcity of raw material, not the scarcity of labor or the advanced cost of production as the result of the war, but simply and solely as a result of combination among the manufacturers.

If this is correct, and there is no body yet who as attempted to deny it, except the manufacturers, there is sufficient law on the statute books to put an end to the conspiracy. Putting an end to the conspiracy by the simple plan of sending of conspirators to jail for reasonably long terms will have an undoubted effect in lowering the price of the product, the subject matter of the conspiracy.

With this success, and it has been a material one, congress proposes to go still further and investigate the general cost of living, which has advanced to such a degree since the war began and with the war as the general excuse.

It is proposed to give the Federal Trade Commission ample authority and an appropriation of four hundred thousand dollars to go into the reasons why the people of this country have been compelled to pay so much more for the products of the earth and of factories, the reason for the rapidly rising prices for necessities, the reasons for the alleged scarcity.

It will investigate the beef trust and learn why we must pay fifty per cent more for our meat that formerly; the egg trust, the wheat and flour and leather and all other trusts which have seemingly advanced prices in the face of our necessities.

The Chicago Herald calls on congress and the commission to make the investigation a thorough one and wants no half way measures. It says

The country is in the mood for an investigation that will be long and deep and thorough. It is tired of these continual flurries about high prices that get nothing except possibly a politician into congress or some other job or into the newspapers. It has had its fill of half-baked remedies that spring from attention to only one half of the great problem. Let's have an investigation that will enable the country to see it steadily and set it whole. It would be cheap at \$400,000 or \$4,000,000.

Having the paper investigation in view, we may really indulge the hope that everything relating to the inordinate cost of living will be investigated and that a remedy will be found to protect the people, even if some of our most prominent citizens are eventually compelled to become sojourners in some of our exclusive federal institutions.

WHY THE PROPHET LEFT TOWN

As The Herald has observed, it does not approve of violence, but it cannot find in its heart a great deal of sympathy for the misguided gentleman who attempted yesterday on the streets to insult the American flag and vilify the country, if he found it convenient, before the day was over, to depart for the north by the most direct route and under his own power. At last accounts he was making fairly good speed, with every cylinder working.

This paper is very glad that he did not attempt to carry out his announced purpose of speaking in public, last night, for it is quite certain that if he had, he would have been in need of police protection. Certain citizens of Miami are in no mood to stand vituperation of the sort in which he indulged.

But, what this paper cannot understand is why, if he can withstand the bite of poisonous serpents and can drink poisons without harm and can break prison bars without earthly help, he should have been so solicitous about leaving town before trouble began. His theology must have missed a cog or two.

APPLY THE LAW WE HAVE

Quite a number of months ago, The Herald called attention to the great damage that was being done by those traveling lecturers who are permitted to come here and address crowds on religious questions, with the sole purpose of stirring up ill feeling among the members of this growing community.

This paper pointed out that if the practice were continued, Miami would receive a bad name among a very influential class of citizens, and that she would actually lose visitors, investors and residents as a result of the activity of these irresponsible lecturers and speakers.

The question is a plain one: Why should we permit practice that is plainly and indisputably injuring Miami, to continue? This question becomes entirely pertinent now, for The Herald has seen a number of letters directed to the Chamber of Commerce and to prominent citizens, not counting the very many it has received itself, protesting against what the writers very justly say is an indignity to which they are subjected when they come to Miami during the winter, and at the time which these peripatetic talkers choose for their activities. Many of these letters give the names of influential and wealthy persons who have been coming to Miami for several winters, but who now go elsewhere for the winter on this account. Prospective investors have been deterred from coming here and of making investments, on account of the feeling raised, and there is no way to calculate the damage done to Miami, because it has recently become the stamping ground of those who go about the country stirring up religious prejudices.

There is no question of depriving anyone of the right of free speech, but it would seem that there is a wide difference between the exercise of free speech, guaranteed by the very genius of the country, and the license with which many of these speakers abuse the privilege. Language is very often used that tends to a breach of the peace, and when this occurs the speaker should be dealt with accordingly. It does not require new law or more law, we have plenty, now, to prevent a man from being disorderly and any conduct that tends to bring on a breach of the peace comes well within the definition of disorderly conduct.

If the authorities will simply take the precaution to see to it that there is police supervision of meetings, avowedly held for the purpose of creating religious disturbances, the trouble may be largely mitigated and Miami be redeemed from the unenviable reputation it has obtained in some quarters.

REDUCING IT TO AN ABSURDITY

It is solemnly proposed that, if affairs should come to an actual crisis between this country and Germany, before congress declares war a referendum of the voters of the United States be taken on the question of whether congress should or should not declare war.

Unquestionably, if such a referendum were held, its declaration would have a certain effect on congress, but the fathers of the republic failed to provide for any way by which the people could participate, with binding effect, in the deliberations or the final vote of congress, on the important question of war. They very stupidly, we must believe if we accept a present day notion, confided to congress the power to make war, and it did not enter their old heads that in a sudden and critical situation, a hundred million people would ever have to be consulted before war should be declared, and they never dreamed that the suggestion would ever be made.

It would be interesting to consider about what would happen if the suggestion of the pacifists were carried out. Without a question, if a referendum were submitted, the country would be divided into two camps of different proportions, as a result of the political activities that would inevitably ensue. Orators and newspapers and politicians would take up the fight and there would be a division among the people.

Supposing now, the result would be that a bare majority of the voters declared against war. This country would then be compelled to submit to any indignity and aggression that any other country would be minded to impose on us, and we could have nothing to say because the voter had declared against anything that would make indignity and insult impossible. Supposing, on the other hand, that the declaration was for war, by a bare majority, then instead of a united country facing, all together, a great crisis, we would have divided counsels and active opposition from the defeated party. The pacifists would have the best of it, either way, for they would either prevent a declaration of war or would make war ineffectual.

However, we need have no fear of any such action being taken. Congress cannot delegate its powers to decide a national question of the kind, and besides all that, the country is perfectly willing to leave the whole subject up to the president and to the congress the people have entrusted with the authority to make peace or war.

Anxiety as to where Great Britain is going to secure the money for her "Victory Loan," which that country is just ready to float, is allayed by the fact that the people of Great Britain have already subscribed over a hundred and fifty billion dollars, and officers receiving applications are overwhelmed with work. It appears that any country that wants to carry on a war can get all the money it needs for the purpose.

With all due respect to our tourist correspondents who intimate that Miami is built up on tourist trade, The Herald desires to submit that Miami is built up on its solid, all the year round resources, and it also desires to say that when the tourist leaves us in the spring, business keeps right on at the top notch and people go on living and enjoying Miami's matchless climate.

Congressmen may have a great deal to say against newspapers on the floors of congress, but every one of them depends on some newspaper back home to put him over next time.

An Ohio legislator gave as his reason for opposition to the suffrage bill that "women should not be allowed to vote, because they cannot bear arms." If he really wants to find out whether women bear arms, let him come to Miami.

Madame Thebes being dead, nobody knows whether the war will end this year, or not.

OBSERVATIONS

The Rockefeller Foundation has been enriched by the munificent gift of a dozen eggs.

"Take no thought for the morrow," says the good book, but possibly some exception may be made in favor of the Florida grower who is getting ready to lay out a fine, large water-melon patch.

When they indicted 160 Indiana Republicans, they didn't go far enough. The democratic party was defeated last year in that state it will be remembered.

"There's one thing I have to be破 for around every first of the month" said the Oldest Inhabitant, "and that is that I am not a Mor-

Superstitious Don'ts.

Don't look at a mirror until it breaks.

Don't walk under a falling safe.

Don't throw soup over your left shoulder.

Don't put on your shirt upside down.

Don't look at the old moon over your right foot.

Don't get out of bed at the wrong hour.

Don't turn your umbrella inside out.

Don't lose \$13 dollars at bridge.

Don't get married (on Friday).

Don't lead a funeral procession.

—Life.

Pluck.

Before you start

In being glum

Just wait until

Your sorrows come.

It doesn't call

For special pluck

To keep your cry

Until you're stuck.

A baby's howls

Do not begin

Until he really

Feels the pin.

So do not whimper

Or complain

Until you've really

Got a pain.

—Houston Post.

Miami Ten Years Ago Today

Time reported for the 175 mile ocean race from Miami to Nassau over zigzag course was 29 hours, 59 minutes and 45 seconds by the John Daggitt, winner, with Whiz close second.

Joseph A. McDonald, builder of the several Flagler hotels, leaves for New York and Montreal to look into designs of buildings with view of incorporating the ideas along the east coast.

The launch Lee S. reported lost, was located, and all passengers safe.

Sharks discussed in local newspapers, and statement made editorially that the south Florida sharks are not so bad as those of the south seas.

Woman's Club delightfully entertains the Housekeepers Club. Among the features was a paper on "The Seminole Indian Woman," by Mrs. Kirk Monroe.

Boys who tapped till of Dade Pharamacy remanded to court.

Trade between Miami and Key West steadily growing. The freighter Mt. Vernon arrived from Key West with passengers and large amount of freight.

Jaudon Bros. shipped a solid carload grapefruit to Cincinnati consignees. The fruit came from the Merrick and Girman groves.

J. Fritz received a carload of fine milch cows for his dairy, the second lot he received within three months.

(Continued on Page Eight)

NATIONAL PRESS

New York Herald.

The newspapers of the United States need no defense. With precious few exceptions they are standing firmly for American rights and for the honor of the nation—which means that they are earnestly supporting the policy of the president of the United States. Mud-slinging by men in public office, to whom American rights and national honor apparently mean nothing and whose support of the president is of a decidedly questionable character, can do them no harm.

DETROIT FREE PRESS.

The insurrection in Cuba carries in its train a timely warning to those members of congress who still cherish plans providing for speedy dissociation of the Philippines and the American commonwealth so far as government of the one by the other is concerned. Cuba is infinitely nearer a capability for self-government than the East Indian archipelago will be for many years, yet it is unable to manage its affairs without constant oversight and recurring warnings and admonitions from Washington. Once the United States has been obliged to intervene. Once it has of necessity prepared for intervention. There is no certainty that within the next few weeks it may not be obliged to take over control of the island republic.

CINCINNATI ENQUIRER.

Peace proponents and pacifists, whether their motives are honest or inspired by ulterior and unseen forces, are guilty of disseminating untruths that may lead the country into grave complications and even into national disaster. It savors of treason even to suppose that the president of the United States is actuated other than by the highest and holiest motives in this international crisis. It is unthinkable that any real American would impute a lack of patriotic purpose to the words or acts of any Chief Executive, and yet such innuendos, if not open charges, are being spread broadcast by some one. Is there true patriotic Americanism back of this propaganda, or is there an insidious purpose to weaken and belittle the United States.

NEW YORK WORLD.

The crisis in the relations between the United States and Germany is not of our making. We have massacred no German subjects on the high seas. We have butchered no German women and children. We have destroyed no German ships. We have not plotted against the domestic peace and security of the German people. We have not dynamited German factories or conspired to wreck German industries. We have not violated German laws. We have maintained no propaganda to divide the German people and incite civil conflict. We have not subsidized a reptile press to debauch German public opinion. We have interfered with no German rights. We have warned neither German ships nor German subjects off the seas. No Americans are in German jails for criminal conspiracies against the law of the land. Nor have we sought to interfere with any legal right of the German government or any legal activity of the German people. Germany has no grievances against the United States which is not of Germany's own making, while the United States has against Germany a long series of grievances to the like of which it has never been subjected by any other nation.

MIAMI HERALD.

Being a subscriber of The Herald during my short residence in your beautiful city, I take the liberty of sending you this communication, because I learn from reading your paper that you are interested in knowing and publishing what your northern visitors think of Florida and especially of Miami.

I have just finished reading the very interesting letter in your Sunday issue by Mr. H. M. Clark headed "All Right to Boost Your Own Town But There Are Others."

Being a resident of what to Floridians is the cold and frozen North Star State, Minnesota, for the past 45 years, I was very much pleased that

(Continued on Page Eight)

THE NEW BANK

Everything cannot be done in a day, but we propose to make this institution, with your help, a Bank of progress.

Don't Watch the Other Fellow
Make All the Money at Moore Haven

There's a Place For You

The only way to realize a profit on real estate is to buy right, in order that you may sell to advantage, or better still to buy right—have the land you buy make you dividends, and then sell if you so wish at a big advance, as a result of the increased value caused by the proved earning capacity or

Let It Keep on Making You Cash

Do you realize that over 90% of the successful business men of the United States own farm land?

WHY?

Because of the fact that it gives them a secure investment—an extra dividend—something with intrinsic value, always worth more than the amount of the original investment—and so they make every year, cash returns over and above their salary, or mercantile returns

And You Wonder Where

they get all their extra money—and how it is they go to their farms for holiday, and recreation—and you fail to realize the added pleasure and satisfaction that your successful business friend has, as a result of the fact that he owns his own farm—and having on it his summer or winter home.

Mr. Tourist

Before you go back home—come in and let us tell you how the other fellow is doing just what you ought to do.

When You Come Back Next Winter
you will have a definite—money-making interest at MOORE Haven.

Today's Prices Are Advantageous

Lots \$150 to \$800 each. Land \$40 to \$75 per acre.

Next Year—Railroad Prices

Why Not Put the Profit in Your Own Pocket?

The "Other Fellow" Is

South Florida Farms Co.

210 Twelfth St.

Phone 267

CRIMINAL COURT REGULAR SESSION TO BEGIN TODAY

Half Hundred Cases Docketed
—Jury to be In the Box
Tomorrow

More than fifty cases have been prepared for the regular term of the criminal court which begins in the court house before Judge J. L. Billingsley this afternoon. Clerk J. B. Hawkins will sound the docket at 3 o'clock, but the regular routine of business will not be begun until tomorrow when the jury is made returnable. The criminal court has been somewhat delayed on account of the Rice trial, which consumed considerable time.

The first case on the docket is that of Dr. A. O. Yearian, the dentist, who is charged with practising dentistry without a state certificate. This case has been before the courts for a long time. It was delayed at the last term of the court on account of Dr. Yearian's illness.

The Docket

The following cases are slated for trial on the docket:

Dr. A. O. Yearian, practising dentistry without a license.

W. O. Shepard, interfering with the state plant board.

W. M. Griffing, violating state plant act.

A. Suarez, operating motorvehicle without a license.

Alonzo Lewis, operating a motorvehicle without a license.

Lucia Edden, doing business without a license.

Jack Hunter, selling liquor.

Dr. G. L. Hagen Burgen, practising as physician without certificate.

John Doe, alias Arthur Davis, assault and battery.

Preston H. Lee, violating state plant act.

Richard Small, carrying concealed weapons.

John Commander, petit larceny.

E. P. Davis, violating state plant act.

Arthur Robinson, assault to murder.

James Gibson, assault and battery.

Tom Taylor, embezzlement.

N. M. Weaver, violating state plant act.

Minnie Smith, grand larceny.

Fred Taylor, drunkenness.

Sam Williams, selling liquor.

Edward Clark, alias Eddie Sims, assault and battery.

Lee Wright, carrying concealed weapons.

Edward Pent, assault and battery.

Jeff Saunders, drunkenness.

REVIVAL OF MOVE TO CHANGE TIME INTERESTS MIAMI

The movement started by Kirk Munroe at a meeting of the Chamber of Commerce several months ago to save the people of this section an hour of daylight by changing from central to eastern time, was brought back home yesterday when President Sewell, of the Chamber of Commerce, received a telegram from the secretary of the National Daylight Saving Association asking that the civic bodies of Miami use their influence to have a bill now in the committee's hands favorably reported to congress. It was requested that telegrams be sent to President Wilson, the senators from Florida and the representatives from this district asking the use of their influence in securing the passage of the bill. The proposed law would straighten out the lines of the time zones to place all cities in their proper places and abolish the use of other than the official time for any given section by railroads or other agencies.

In accordance with the request, telegrams were sent out yesterday by the Chamber of Commerce.

ADVERTISE IN THE HERALD

TWO BISHOPS ARE EXPECTED DURING LENT

Solemn Season Begins Tomorrow—Calendars For Episcopalians and Catholics

The Lenten season will be ushered in tomorrow with special morning and evening services at the Catholic and Episcopal churches. The church calendars promise unusual activity for the members of the congregations as well as for the pastors in charge. Besides the regular services, each of the churches will be preparing large classes for confirmation as both Bishop Curley of the Catholic Diocese and Bishop Mann of the Episcopalian Diocese are expected to visit Miami during the Lenten season. Tentative plans for other ceremonies are being made which will be announced later.

Trinity Episcopal.

The Lenten services will begin at Trinity Episcopal church with Holy Communion at 7 o'clock Wednesday morning and during the entire season there will be daily services as follows: Holy Communion at 7 a. m. and Litany or Penitential offering at 4 p. m. On Wednesdays and Fridays there will be services at 7:30 p. m. Classes in instruction have been organized and a large number are being prepared to be presented to the bishop for confirmation. It is expected that the bishop will be here to administer confirmation on Sunday, March 11. The Sunday school has organized a missionary society and mite boxes will be passed during the Lenten season for a special missionary offering.

Catholic Calendar.

The calendar of the church of the Holy Name includes masses on Sundays at 6, 7:30 and 10:30 a. m. Sunday school after the 7:30 mass. Beads, sermon and benediction at 7:30 p. m. Mass on week days at 6:15 and 7 a. m. Beads, sermon and benediction every Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. Devotions for the children at 2:30 p. m. Ways of the cross and benediction every Friday at 7:30 and for the children at 2:30 p. m. There will be three masses on Ash Wednesday, at 6, 7 and 8 a. m. On Sunday, March 4, the Daughters of Isabella will receive communion in a body at the 7:30 mass and the Knights of Columbus will receive at the 8:30 mass, on which occasion Bishop Curley will officiate.

Lenten Regulations.

The regulations for Catholics during the Lenten period have been promulgated as follows:

I. All the faithful who have completed their twenty-first year, unless exempt by dispensation or legitimate cause, are bound to observe the fast of Lent.

2. They are to take only one meal a day, except on Sundays.

3. The meal permitted on fast days is not to be taken till about noon.

4. A small refreshment, commonly called a collation, is permitted in the evening.

5. The following persons are exempt from the obligation of fasting: Persons under twenty-one years of age; the sick; nursing women, those obliged to do hard work; those whose health weakens can not fast without great prejudice to their health.

C. M. Ferguson, operating a motor-vehicle without a license.

Marie Forbes, assault and battery.

Bertha Williams, grand larceny.

James Kerr, petit larceny.

W. A. Porter, operating a motor-vehicle without a license.

H. E. Condon, operating a motor-vehicle without a license.

Percy Civil, malicious mischief.

Percy Civil, assault and battery.

Walter R. Williams, forgery.

Walter Roberts, grand larceny.

Robert Cash, gambling.

Charles Waite, gambling.

II.

1. The use of flesh meat is permitted at all meals except on Sundays, and once a day on Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays, with the exception of the second and last Saturday of Lent. But flesh meat and fish are not to be used at the same meal during Lent, even on Sundays.

2. The use of butter, cheese, milk and eggs is also permitted every day in Lent.

3. It is allowed to take in the morning some warm liquid, as tea, coffee, chocolate, made with water, and with this liquid a small piece of bread.

4. Those for whom the hour of noon may be an inconvenient time for dinner, may take their collation at noon, and dinner in the evening.

5. The use of lard or dripping, instead of butter, is permitted in preparing food.

6. Those mentioned in Section 5, Chapter 1, as exempted from law of fasting are allowed to take meat three times a day on all Sundays, Mondays, Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays of Lent.

III.

1. By a special indulgence, granted to the bishops of the United States March 15, 1895, working people and their households are allowed to take meat once a day on all fast days and days of abstinence during the year, except on all Fridays, Ash-Wednesday, the Wednesday and Saturday of Holy Week, and Christmas Eve. This class, therefore, are allowed meat once a day, even on the Wednesdays of Lent and the second Saturday of Lent, when others are forbidden the use of meat.

2. The faithful are reminded that, besides the obligation of fasting imposed by the church, this holy season of Lent should be, in an especial manner, a time of earnest prayer, of sorrow for sin, of seclusion from the world of amusements, and of generous almsgiving.

3. The Paschal time extends from the first Sunday of Lent till Trinity Sunday, during which time all Catholics who have attained the proper age are bound to receive worthily Holy Communion. The holy season of Lent

NASSAU GAY WITH A WEEK OF TENNIS

Some of the Prominent Entries Announced for Cups and Championships

(Special to The Herald.)

Nassau, Bahama Islands, Feb. 17.—With only a few remaining days in which to get in readiness for Washington Birthday week, Nassau has completely lost its tropic calm and is in a wild flurry of excitement. Commencing on Monday, with the first round of the men's singles for the George Lauder, Jr., challenge cup, sporting and social events will follow so thick and fast as to keep the Americans here on the go from morning until night.

Added interest attaches to the tennis championship owing to the fact that Mr. A. Ware Merriam of Milton, Mass., two-time winner of the tournament, has only to win this year to secure permanent possession of the great George Lauder, Jr., challenge cup, one of the largest and handsomest trophies in competition. In the field against him are a number of players from New York, including Dr. Forbes Hawks, H. K. Sturdy, McHarg Davenport, William C. Biddle, George Bacon, J. H. Williams, D. Q. Brown, N. Doubleday and R. H. Sturges. Entered in the ladies' singles are Miss Beardsley, Miss Enid Alden, Miss Mamie Beste, Mrs. McHarg Davenport, Mrs. Forbes Hawks, of New York; Miss Margaret Wetmore of New Britain, Mrs. A. W. Merriam of Milton, Mass., and Mrs. George Johnson of Hackensack, N. J.

The ladies' singles tournament completed on Friday was won by Miss Enid Alden who won from Mrs. McHarg Davenport 8-6; 6-2, in a match closer than indicated by the score. Both players were hitting the ball well and the play kept a good sized gallery in suspense throughout.

Mr. A. Ware Merriam left the tennis courts long enough on Thursday to make the lowest score in the qualifying round of the golf championship, a 51 which was one below W. L. Waines. First eight: W. A. Merriam defeated Miss Ella Wagner; W. L. Waines defeated Mrs. Merriam; W. A. Gardner defeated J. W. Greene; Mrs. W. A. Gardner defeated C. H. Barber; Second eight: Miss Gardner defeated Miss Petersen; Miss G. Williams defeated Wm. Biddle; Miss Ross defeated H. Davenport; Mr. Buck defeated Miss Oliver.

The Florida East Coast golf championship which commences on the 26th of this month promises to develop some splendid golf. Among those who are taking heavy falls out of Colonel Bogey these days and who should give a good account of themselves in the coming tournament are Messrs. W. A. Gardner of Buffalo, N. Y., R. J. Collier, B. Atha, Frank N. Doubleday, Charles Belmont Davis of New York, George Terwilliger, W. A. Walsh, J. B. Ross, G. W. Rikes of Newark, N. J., B. W. Petersen, J. R. Bullard, H. L. Humphrey, E. E. Gray, R. S. Sinclair, D. W. Price, J. H. Coughey, George Altmyer, and E. Thompson.

The season according to present indications will be larger in March than in February as many who gave up reservations earlier in the season are now taking them up again. Among those booked at the Colonial by the S. S. Mexico are Mr. and Mrs. Nelson Doubleday and Mr. and Mrs. W. Winmill of Oyster Bay, L. I., Mr. and Mrs. J. L. Ogden of Easthampton, L. I., Colonel Samuel L. Nicholson and Mr. R. H. Sturges of Providence, R. I., H. K. Sturdy, D. Q. Brown, Mrs. C. B. Flynn, Miss Florence Brown, Mrs. A. W. Cameron, Mr. H. H. Williams of New York, Miss Edith Tracey of Syracuse, N. Y., Dr. J. S. Phillips of Boston, Mr. H. W. Holmes of Detroit, Mich.

YESTERDAY'S ARRESTS.

Charged with operating a steam boiler without a city license, Carl Pringle was arrested by Roundman R. H. Starling yesterday and was released under a \$10 bond for his appearance in the municipal court today.

Edward Colliton was arrested by Policeman Merrieth charged with passing a street car in his automobile while unloading passengers. He was released under a \$5 bond.

Charged with exceeding the speed limit, R. P. Van and Ton Jones were each held in \$5 bail. They were arrested by Policeman Ed N. McFadden, who has been transferred to the motorcycle in place of Policeman Rolfe, who resigned.

A. J. Fisher was arrested by Policeman McFadden for riding double on a motorcycle.

Charged with violating the traffic ordinance, a driver for the Bon Ton Dry Cleaning Co., was taken into custody yesterday by Traffic Policeman Lofton.

Gilo Pittman, colored was arrested by Policeman Stevens on a charge of fighting.

ROYAL NEIGHBORS TONIGHT.

Silver Palm Camp No. 8105 Royal Neighbors of America will meet tonight in the hall at avenue C and Twelfth street at 7:30 o'clock.

It is a very proper time also for children to make their first confession, which they ought to do generally about the age of seven years. Parents should see to this.

MICHAEL JOSEPH CURLEY,
Bishop of St. Augustine.

Foresight vs. Hindsight

Every day we hear people say: "If father had only bought a certain piece of property at a certain price, at a certain time, we children would all have been left independent. He had the ready money and he had the opportunity, but unfortunately father couldn't see that far ahead—he was asleep at the switch, and blind to his own surroundings."

Our children will be saying the same thing about us if we overlook the wonderful opportunities now offered at Miami Suburban Acres. Oh, if our foresight were as good as our hindsight, we would all be millionaires. Why is it that some have lived in Miami for 4 or 5 years and yet are barely "getting by," while thousands of others with equal opportunities have become wealthy? The answer is that the former has been content to work for a weekly wage and spend it as he earned it, and the latter has taken advantage of a few real estate investments. To which class do you belong?

You are now offered a chance to buy one of Miami's Choicest Building Lots for only

\$1.00 down then \$1.00 per week

OR

\$4.00 down then \$4.00 per month

No Taxes. No Interest

PINNED FAITH IN MIAMI BY INVESTMENTS

D. J. Conroy Says the City "Is Growing Fast By Leaps and Bounds"

D. J. Conroy, president of the D. J. Conroy Co., who recently opened a paint, hardware and wall paper store at 225 Twelfth street, arrived in Miami a few days ago and in an interview with a Herald reporter proved to be a very enthusiastic booster for Miami. Mr. Conroy said that wonderful improvements have taken place since his last visit to the city in November.

Improvements not noticed by the everyday resident are going on with wonderful rapidity and Mr. Conroy predicts that this city will have a growth as phenomenal as that of Los Angeles.

"In Jacksonville, where we have our main store, and all over the state and even in Atlanta where I visited this fall I heard of Miami, and her balmy climate and growth are on everyone's lips," said Mr. Conroy. "It is this sort of talk that advertises your city more than anything else. I have been very much impressed by the hospitality extended me by the business men while here. Unlike other metropolitan cities they have time to give one a cordial welcome. Our business here, which is managed by Mr. H. T. Fields, vice-president of the company, has opened up in good shape and we have thus far exceeded all expectations."

Mr. Conroy will be a regular visitor to Miami from now on.

CLOSING DETAILS FOR COUNTY FAIR ALL OF NEXT WEEK

Arrangements are being completed for the twenty-first annual exhibit of the Dade County Fair association which will be held in the fair building during all of next week.

All of the poultry coops have been built and are now on the ground, and workmen have begun to erect the stalls for the cattle and livestock display which will be larger than ever before in the history of the fair.

The material for the cattle stalls has been on the ground for several days, but on account of the necessity of keeping the Boulevard from Twelfth to Fourteenth street open this has not been placed together and workmen will start on it today.

The exhibit will take up all of this entire distance, as a large number of cattle entries have been made, while the usual number of cattle men who exhibited last year will do so again this season.

E. V. Blackman, general manager of the fair, will be busy all this week arranging the many entries and assigning each to their booths in the fair building which is being prepared for the big display.

While the fair arrangements are being made, the management of Elser pier are making preparations for the fair annex there, and an elaborate display of all kinds of agricultural implements and farming machinery will be seen during fair week.

This year's fair will be far superior to any previous exhibit. In point of numbers there will be more exhibitors, and the cost of the display will far exceed that of any previous year.

RAIN IS PREDICTED.

Weather forecast for this week by the weather bureau in Washington predicts fair conditions in the South Atlantic and East Gulf States until Friday or Saturday, when rain and cold is probable.

Moffett's Mexican Coffees! AT YOUR GROCER'S

FULL LINE OF FISHING TACKLE NOW ON DISPLAY



COME IN AND SEE
THE FOLLOWING
NEW GOODS:

Pflueger Rods and Reels from \$2.00 up to \$45.00. Reels with the latest Drag. High grade Cuttyhunk Lines.

Phillips Bros.
13th and Ave. D

FIFTY CASES YESTERDAY IN POLICE COURT

Defendants Heavily Mulcted For Selling Liquor In Violation of Law

POLICE SAY GAMBLING

Was Going On At Thirteenth and Avenue D Club—Fines and Forfeitures

Charged with selling liquor unlawfully and operating a gambling house, H. Prias was fined \$125 and Pete Kostallas \$50 by Judge Blanton in the municipal court, yesterday morning.

According to Plainclothesmen Curry and Bishop, the two men have been operating a club room on the second floor of a building at Avenue D and Thirteenth street where the police claim they have been conducting a gambling joint and selling liquor. Complaints came to the police from several parties who knew of the existence of the place. The police also arrested Bill Cariss and Harry Angles, alleged inmates of the place, who were each fined \$10 on charges of gambling.

Fifty Cases Yesterday.

Judge Blanton had about fifty cases before him in the police court yesterday as a result of police activity over Sunday, and the court room was crowded.

Philip Pearl, who was arrested on a charge of being a suspicious character, was discharged along with Hammond Kirt, who was arrested on a similar complaint.

Kate April, white, was charged with disorderly conduct by using threatening language. She was discharged.

Among the others who were dismissed by the court were A. L. Shattes, charged with blocking traffic; Joseph Kembridge, colored, who was charged with selling liquor; — Collins, charged with being drunk and asleep on private property; Isadore Fine, disturbing the peace by fighting; Joe Cosgrove, drunk; Nancy Story, colored, charged with being out after 10 p.m.

The cases continued were those of Lawrence Sands, charged with being drunk and disturbing the peace; W. Wilson, colored, charged with assault with a knife and A. E. McCarthy, charged with reckless driving of an automobile.

P. Mattie, colored, charged with talking to prisoners in jail was released under suspended sentence. Fines were imposed as follows: William Johnson, colored, disorderly conduct, \$10 or twenty days; Rabbit White, colored, drunk and disorderly by using profane language, \$5 or ten days; Arthur Warren, drunk and disturbing the peace by fighting, \$5 or ten days; McHanley drunk and disorderly, \$5 or ten days; James Henderson, drunk and disorderly, \$5 or ten days; John Wells, drunk and using profane language, \$5 or ten days; Dick Robison, colored, drunk and asleep on street, \$5 or ten days; Steve Nix, Colored, disorderly conduct, \$5 or ten days; A. Robert, colored, disorderly conduct, \$5 or ten days; I. H. Burton, reckless driving of an automobile, \$5 or ten days; Ed Richardson, colored disorderly conduct by using profane and threatening language, \$5 or ten days; Frank Guth, drunk and disorderly, \$5 or ten days; — Huttell, drunk on street, \$5 or ten days; Dick Chalmers, drunk and profane language, \$5 or ten days; W. G. Lawton, colored, drunk on street, \$5 or ten days; W. S. Walker, riding bicycle on sidewalk, \$5 or ten days.

Those who forfeited their bail were George Agalarakes, who was under a \$5 bond for disorderly conduct; — Thompson, charged with parking an automobile in Hardville; Walter Culmer, negro, charged with riding a bicycle recklessly; William McPherson, drunk and disorderly; H. K. McPhail, driving an auto with cut out open; Charles Myers, drunk on street; Will Johnson and George Murphy, drunk on street; William Gunter, J. E. Anderson, drunk on street; W. M. Roberts, drunk and using profane language; Sam Edwards, disorderly conduct; Hazel Thornton, drunk and using profane language; Jennie Williams and Louise Sawyer, Alma Windra, Corene Williams, disorderly conduct; Albert Smith, colored, disorderly conduct; Ben Morrison, colored talking through window of city jail; Will Brodrick, drunk and asleep on private property; L. T. Allen reckless driving; A. Newbold, profane language; Daisy Donald, drunk and disorderly; Thomas M. Lightfoot, drunk and crazy.

DISCUSS BOND ISSUE.

The city bond issue will be discussed at the meeting of North Miami Improvement Association to-night.

Druggist's Experience with Kidney Medicine

I have handled and sold Dr. Kilmer's Swamp Root for some time and have heard customers claim that it had produced very satisfactory results in different ailments of the kidneys, liver and bladder. I have nothing but favorable reports at hand and my personal opinion is that there is not anything on the market that will equal Swamp Root for disease of the kidneys, liver and bladder and I know of a physician who is a very strong believer in the merits of Swamp Root.

Very truly yours,
THE J. M. WATTS MERC. STORE,
J. M. WATTS,
Sept. 29, 1916. Wattsville, Miss.

Letter to
Dr. Kilmer & Co.,
Binghamton, N. Y.

Prove What Swamp-Root Will Do
For You.

Send ten cents to Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., for a sample size bottle. It will convince anyone. You will also receive a booklet of valuable information, telling about the kidneys and bladder. When writing be sure and mention The Miami Herald. Regular fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles for sale at all drug stores.

CROWDS ON SUNDAY AT BEACH RESORTS

The bathing pavilions and pleasure resorts at Miami Beach report record-breaking crowds on Sunday. The Dixie Transportation Company handled nearly three thousand passengers with their five boats, and both automobile lines did a capacity business all day. In addition, private automobiles carried hundreds besides the many who went on vehicles of every description.

GOING TO KEY WEST

Rev. Thos. H. Hawlett and Rev. Allworth Erdley, of the Wesleyan Methodist church, arrived on the Frances E. yesterday enroute to Key West, where they will remain for an indefinite time.

ANNOUNCEMENT

Dr. John L. North wishes to announce to his friends the removal of his office to the third floor of the new Ralston building, on Avenue C.

FIFTY CARS IN MOTORCADE FROM TAMPA

Change In Date For Trip Is Explained In Letter To Mr. Livingston

Advices are received here that when the Tampa motorcade leaves for Miami March 25, there will be fifty automobiles in line.

In a letter to Secretary Livingston, of the Miami Chamber of Commerce, the secretary of the Tampa Board of Trade writes that "the idea of getting to Miami at the same time the Everglades committee of the legislature was there has been abandoned for the reason that the trip is being made for business and social reasons and it is deemed unwise to mix politics with it."

Another reason given for the postponement is that the motorcade will be composed of at least fifty automobiles and each one will be filled so that there is no likelihood that hotel accommodations could be found for such a crowd at this time.

AMUSEMENTS

Benjamin Christie Today at Fotosho.

Benjamin Christie is author, producer and star of the Vitagraph Blue Ribbon feature, "Blind Justice," which has created so much favorable comment and which is the attraction at the Fotosho Theatre today.

From the excellence of the story, production and acting one might imagine that an artist from each of these lines of endeavor had given his brains to the perfection of his particular work and in this way made the production all that it has proven itself to be.

Philips Pearl, who was arrested on a charge of being a suspicious character, was discharged along with Hammard Kirt, who was arrested on a similar complaint.

Kate April, white, was charged with disorderly conduct by using threatening language. She was discharged.

The story itself, containing many dramatic scenes and directed with an artist's touch, forms a fitting background for the masterful characterization of Mr. Christie in a very difficult role.

His part is that of a man who, forced to leave his child and serve a term in prison for an atrocious murder of which he is innocent, becomes more or less of a weakling. When he is freed, he discovers the whereabouts of the woman who had betrayed him to the police. His determination to avenge himself returns, and like a madman he craftily completes his preparations to take her life in payment for the torture he has suffered through the loss of his child.

However, Mr. Christie is entirely responsible for the picture in every way and has carried it past the line of critics and to the public with flying colors.

The story itself, containing many dramatic scenes and directed with an artist's touch, forms a fitting background for the masterful characterization of Mr. Christie in a very difficult role.

His part is that of a man who, forced to leave his child and serve a term in prison for an atrocious murder of which he is innocent, becomes more or less of a weakling. When he is freed, he discovers the whereabouts of the woman who had betrayed him to the police. His determination to avenge himself returns, and like a madman he craftily completes his preparations to take her life in payment for the torture he has suffered through the loss of his child.

However, Mr. Christie is entirely responsible for the picture in every way and has carried it past the line of critics and to the public with flying colors.

The story itself, containing many dramatic scenes and directed with an artist's touch, forms a fitting background for the masterful characterization of Mr. Christie in a very difficult role.

His part is that of a man who, forced to leave his child and serve a term in prison for an atrocious murder of which he is innocent, becomes more or less of a weakling. When he is freed, he discovers the whereabouts of the woman who had betrayed him to the police. His determination to avenge himself returns, and like a madman he craftily completes his preparations to take her life in payment for the torture he has suffered through the loss of his child.

However, Mr. Christie is entirely responsible for the picture in every way and has carried it past the line of critics and to the public with flying colors.

The story itself, containing many dramatic scenes and directed with an artist's touch, forms a fitting background for the masterful characterization of Mr. Christie in a very difficult role.

His part is that of a man who, forced to leave his child and serve a term in prison for an atrocious murder of which he is innocent, becomes more or less of a weakling. When he is freed, he discovers the whereabouts of the woman who had betrayed him to the police. His determination to avenge himself returns, and like a madman he craftily completes his preparations to take her life in payment for the torture he has suffered through the loss of his child.

However, Mr. Christie is entirely responsible for the picture in every way and has carried it past the line of critics and to the public with flying colors.

The story itself, containing many dramatic scenes and directed with an artist's touch, forms a fitting background for the masterful characterization of Mr. Christie in a very difficult role.

His part is that of a man who, forced to leave his child and serve a term in prison for an atrocious murder of which he is innocent, becomes more or less of a weakling. When he is freed, he discovers the whereabouts of the woman who had betrayed him to the police. His determination to avenge himself returns, and like a madman he craftily completes his preparations to take her life in payment for the torture he has suffered through the loss of his child.

However, Mr. Christie is entirely responsible for the picture in every way and has carried it past the line of critics and to the public with flying colors.

The story itself, containing many dramatic scenes and directed with an artist's touch, forms a fitting background for the masterful characterization of Mr. Christie in a very difficult role.

His part is that of a man who, forced to leave his child and serve a term in prison for an atrocious murder of which he is innocent, becomes more or less of a weakling. When he is freed, he discovers the whereabouts of the woman who had betrayed him to the police. His determination to avenge himself returns, and like a madman he craftily completes his preparations to take her life in payment for the torture he has suffered through the loss of his child.

However, Mr. Christie is entirely responsible for the picture in every way and has carried it past the line of critics and to the public with flying colors.

The story itself, containing many dramatic scenes and directed with an artist's touch, forms a fitting background for the masterful characterization of Mr. Christie in a very difficult role.

His part is that of a man who, forced to leave his child and serve a term in prison for an atrocious murder of which he is innocent, becomes more or less of a weakling. When he is freed, he discovers the whereabouts of the woman who had betrayed him to the police. His determination to avenge himself returns, and like a madman he craftily completes his preparations to take her life in payment for the torture he has suffered through the loss of his child.

However, Mr. Christie is entirely responsible for the picture in every way and has carried it past the line of critics and to the public with flying colors.

MAKE READY FOR BUSINESS NEXT SEASON

Business Men of Miami Looking Ahead—Electric Company Spreading

Today is another red letter day at Moore Haven, for that go-ahead little city has for her guests none other than the legislators who are taking a trip of inspection through the Everglades. Moore Haven has been the interesting stopping place for many distinguished parties of late, and in every case the impression that it has made is wonderful, and there is no doubt that the members of the legislature will receive a great surprise in what has taken place at Moore Haven, and will receive an inspiration, inasmuch as it will give them a proper conception of what is possible in this wonderful state provided ample attention is given by those in charge of the drainage problem, for at Moore Haven may be seen the result of adequate drainage and it is nothing short of marvelous.

At this time when the production of food is a most serious problem, the interest being taken in land with proper productive possibilities is very marked. The big men of the country are showing a marked interest, and are buying farm lands, and the wonderful Moore Haven lands, with an all year round growing opportunity, and being surpassingly fertile, are gaining the direct attention of the biggest and brainiest men of the country. Moore Haven will provide a positive answer to every question that might arise in the mind of any of the legislators, and will no doubt mean definite action for the furthering of the whole drainage project in other sections.

At this time when the production of food is a most serious problem, the interest being taken in land with proper productive possibilities is very marked. The big men of the country are showing a marked interest, and are buying farm lands, and the wonderful Moore Haven lands, with an all year round growing opportunity, and being surpassingly fertile, are gaining the direct attention of the biggest and brainiest men of the country. Moore Haven will provide a positive answer to every question that might arise in the mind of any of the legislators, and will no doubt mean definite action for the furthering of the whole drainage project in other sections.

At this time when the production of food is a most serious problem, the interest being taken in land with proper productive possibilities is very marked. The big men of the country are showing a marked interest, and are buying farm lands, and the wonderful Moore Haven lands, with an all year round growing opportunity, and being surpassingly fertile, are gaining the direct attention of the biggest and brainiest men of the country. Moore Haven will provide a positive answer to every question that might arise in the mind of any of the legislators, and will no doubt mean definite action for the furthering of the whole drainage project in other sections.

At this time when the production of food is a most serious problem, the interest being taken in land with proper productive possibilities is very marked. The big men of the country are showing a marked interest, and are buying farm lands, and the wonderful Moore Haven lands, with an all year round growing opportunity, and being surpassingly fertile, are gaining the direct attention of the biggest and brainiest men of the country. Moore Haven will provide a positive answer to every question that might arise in the mind of any of the legislators, and will no doubt mean definite action for the furthering of the whole drainage project in other sections.

At this time when the production of food is a most serious problem, the interest being taken in land with proper productive possibilities is very marked. The big men of the country are showing a marked interest, and are buying farm lands, and the wonderful Moore Haven lands, with an all year round growing opportunity, and being surpassingly fertile, are gaining the direct attention of the biggest and brainiest men of the country. Moore Haven will provide a positive answer to every question that might arise in the mind of any of the legislators, and will no doubt mean definite action for the furthering of the whole drainage project in other sections.

At this time when the production of food is a most serious problem, the interest being taken in land with proper productive possibilities is very marked. The big men of the country are showing a marked interest, and are buying farm lands, and the wonderful Moore Haven lands, with an all year round growing opportunity, and being surpassingly fertile, are gaining the direct attention of the biggest and brainiest men of the country. Moore Haven will provide a positive answer to every question that might arise in the mind of any of the legislators, and will no doubt mean definite action for the furthering of the whole drainage project in other sections.

At this time when the production of food is a most serious problem, the interest being taken in land with proper productive possibilities is very marked.

FROM THE EDITORIAL PAGE

(Continued from Page Four)

He "did not forget to remember" and spoke so highly of Minnesota placing it first in the galaxy of states in so many ways. First in health the death rate being lowest of any state in the union; Minneapolis its leading city, the leading wheat market in the United States, the largest flour mill in the world; but he failed to mention our butter. Minnesota takes first place at all state and national butter exhibitions, so that we now know as the Bread and Butter State, and then we have not only the world famous Mayos and gave to Chicago Mr. Sears, of Sears-Roebuck Co., but we gave to the world the great railroad empire builder the late Jas. J. Hill, and his worthy son and successor, Louis J. Hill, is now competing with the Mardi Gras at New Orleans with the St. Paul Winter Carnival.

Minnesota, too, is fast becoming a popular tourist state with our wonderful automobile roads and with more inland lakes and better fishing than any state in the union as inducements.

But we have to confess that some of us like to come to Florida and enjoy life during December, January, February and March. I made my first visit in 1898, when Miami was just a dot on the map; after spending a few winters in California. I came again in 1906 and am again here with my family, so that I am becoming an old resident and booster of Miami.

Like Mr. Clark, I have traveled from Los Angeles to Quebec, from New Orleans to Winnipeg and know something of the advantages and disadvantages, some of the beauties and some of the objections to different towns and cities of this country; and I am free to say, that in my judgment, southern Florida and Miami especially, has every other place in the United States pushed off the map for winter climate and a winter home; provided, however, I said southern Florida and Miami, I must modify this; for unless the authorities of your city get busy and prohibit some of the nuisances now allowed to exist, I shall be obliged to become a knocker instead of a booster.

We of the north, at least some of us, come down here for rest and quiet while we are enjoying your climate. But I am sorry to say that I have not had one full quiet night's sleep in the few weeks I have been in Miami, and

in driving around the city looking for a location for a home, I am unable to find a place in the city, unless it be on the island across the bay, where the hair-raising screech and scream of the railroad engines would not be intolerable.

This beautiful Sunday morning, when all nature was hushed and peaceful, at 5 a.m., there came out of the stillness those frightful blasts from engines on the Key West train that would almost raise the dead; and the engineer does not seem to be satisfied with one short whistle, but must run the whole gamut of the Morse telegraphic code, two long, three short, and several shorter strikes that certainly must be heard in every house in the city of Miami, located as it is up and down the bayside, one side of the railroad a short distance back running through the center of the town.

There must be other cities in southern Florida where this particular useless nuisance is prohibited; as it is in all well regulated northern cities, and unless the authorities of Miami give this matter attention and abate or modify this nuisance, they will not be doing their duty and in my judgment Miami will not be able to compete with other places in southern Florida where they give more attention to such matters and strive to make their city attractive to visitors and prospective investors.

This is a matter, it seems to me, in which the real estate men should be deeply interested, for while they may be able to sell lots and homes to innocent and uninformed tourists, they will soon have a host of dissatisfied customers on their hands.

And then the speed limit and cut-out nuisance of motorcycles and automobiles are also intolerable on the main avenues of the city such as the Dixie Highway, Brickell avenue and Miami avenue.

Yours truly,
W. E. ROSS.

NOT TO BE TOLERATED

February 19, 1917.

Dear Herald:

Thank you for your gracious editorial reference to my remarks in the John Nash affair. Your reporter made an excusable error. I did not say Nash ought to be "shot," but "shut up"; but because of excessive weariness my expression was clumsy and my tongue thick.

What I set out to say, and think I did say, was this: "Probably the man is insane. If so, he ought to be shut up; if not, he ought to be locked up."

I had in mind the alternative of lunatic asylum or penitentiary.

Insults to our nation's flag are not to be tolerated.

W. W. FARIS.

INDIGNANT

Miami, Fla., February 18, 1917.
Editor Miami Herald,
Miami, Fla.

Dear Sir:

The enclosed clipping, attracted my attention in your paper this morning. I saw these fanatics with the long hair yesterday, and my impression then was that they should for the benefit of the community be in the chain gang. But, after reading the defamatory item: "I had taken the lowest step a man can take when I enlisted in the U. S. army to fight for this bloody flag. The dirtiest rag that was ever hung up," I feel sure

R. C.

APARTMENT HOUSE

Absolutely New, Concrete Construction, Within Three Blocks of Twelfth Street

There is not a finer proposition in Miami than this one. It includes an apartment house, a fine residence and a two-story garage. It will show a net income of \$9 to 10 per cent. All property rented.

REALTY SECURITIES CORPORATION
1109 Avenue C. Phone 479

YOUR CHOICE

Of Two
Beautiful Homes
AT COST

In order to raise funds to start the improvements of two blocks of lots recently acquired, I will sell either home at cost. A new residence of 2½ stories, 3 bedrooms and large glassed-in sleeping porch close to the Ocean with beautiful view; or a beautifully paneled and decorated home of 8 rooms and bath with large screened porches in Miami, close to 2nd street. Will sell furnished or unfurnished. Those who prefer all cash, but will make terms to reliable parties.

SEE OWNER
G. E. FAIRFIELD
1108 Avenue D.

12th Street Bargain

Eight-Room, Two-Story House

Lot 50x150 Feet

Just over Twelfth Street Bridge
All Furniture included if taken now

Ask to see this quick

Davenport, 205 Twelfth St.

OCEAN BEACH LOTS

CHEAP

Wholesale
or Retail

"ASK SAM"

Sam T. Young
231 12th Street
Phone 739-R

GIRLS! TRY IT! HAVE THICK, WAVY, BEAUTIFUL HAIR

Every particle of dandruff disappears and hair stops coming out.

Draw a moist cloth through hair and double its beauty at once.

Your hair becomes light, wavy, fluffy, abundant and appears as soft, lustrous and beautiful as a young girl's after a "Danderine hair cleanse." Just try this—moisten a cloth with a little Danderine and carefully draw it through your hair, taking one small strand at a time. This will cleanse the hair of dust, dirt and excessive oil and in just a few moments you have doubled the beauty of your hair.

Besides beautifying the hair at once, Danderine dissolves every particle of dandruff; cleanses, purifies and invigorates the scalp, forever stopping itching and falling hair.

But what will you most will be after a few weeks' use when you will actually see new hair—fine and downy at first—but really new hair growing all over the scalp. If you care for pretty, soft hair and lots of it surely get a 25-cent bottle of Knowlton's Danderine from any druggist or toilet counter, and just try it.

Save your hair! Beautify it! You will say this was the best 25 cents you ever spent.

the chain gang is much too good for them.

No doubt it was an oversight on your part to allow the publication in your paper of this item.

If the proper authorities do not take immediate action in this matter, the good citizens of Miami should take the steps necessary to rid the country of these undesirables.

Very truly,

W. B. BERRYMAN.

205 Twelfth street, Miami, Fla.

AS WRITTEN.

Miami Herald Miami, Fla. 2-18-17.

My dear Editor

It certainly laughable to read your editorial on war, you must think the average mind is a piece of cheese. Maybe to your way of thinking, but to mine it is not, you say none of the papers want war, but turn over the pages and you will find such articals as this. Women givs her sons to the cause, and all the way thru you insight to was with patriotism and handing it to Germany the way she is beating us, you mean us munition mfgs and such bunk, as if she did not have the right to protec her self. If that is not trying to force people to war, I would like you to explane otherwise, just let the American mfg try to send shiplod of war or food material to Germany, and let see what England will do to American ship.

If shee not lets them pass safely why then I say let go to war against the whole of Europe, and she them what neutrality means. From what I can see or read about we have been fighting germany as hard as the Allies in keeping her suply with the material to do it with, and forsing germany to sink the ships to comply with what the allies are doing to her. I believe in neutrality and if war should come Ill go into to the Everglades and stay, rather than to have a hand in butchering my fellow man over american greed for European dollars for the American Munitions mfg. I am an American as far back as any one can but when I read some of the american pappers I began to think that I am an English man. And then I am ashamed to think of what Jefferson or Washington would say if they were to arize and see the press today, and their ideas of Patriotism. And I hope if war come all the patriotic editors and their followers will do the fighting, for all the fighting I wish to do is help the masses get what their constitution call for, freedom press, not prostituted press, not controled by the mfg. assocation.

GEO. E. ELLIOTT.
O yes! I am not a Fanatic just an ordinary American.

But I know that the average newspaper man prostitutes his mind for the \$\$.
(Writer's name does not appear in the city directory.—Ed.)

UNDERR DIFFICULTIES

Hotel Halcyon.

Feb. 19, 1917.

Editor Miami Herald:

I enclose herewith an extract from a letter from Hon. C. R. Breckinridge, who was minister to Russia under President Cleveland.

If you think that it will be of interest to your readers, you are at liberty to publish it.

Yours respectfully,

WM. H. COOMBS.

Breckinridge Letter.

"Our relations with Germany have reached a very unusual condition. An 'overt act' is not to be followed by a declaration of war. The German government is running amuck, for which the German people should not be held strictly responsible. Hence overt acts are to be resisted as they arise and Germany to be left to declare war on us if that way of meeting the situation is not agreeable to her. This is a very narrow and precarious strip of ground to stand on; but I can see it. Nobody but Wilson would ever have thought of it. It would be 'tit for tat'; but no 'war.' If war is never declared, the fighting can stop whenever the aggression stops; and the resultant questions would be fit subjects for arbitration. Of course Wilson has made some

mistakes. Who would not? But take it all in all, I think the man has been guided by a wonderful sagacity. He has stuck to the fundamentals of American ideals and principles, and amid difficulties and embarrassments almost immeasurable."

THE WAR.

February 20, 1915.

British and French warships continue bombardment of Dardanelles, reporting the silencing of several Turkish forts; Constantinople reports the sinking of British ships in the entrance to the straits.

1916.

German seaplanes over Lowestoft and Walmer.

German Zeppelin brought down by French automobile anti-aircraft gun near Revingy, France.

Germans continue bombardment on an unprecedented scale of the French positions at Verdun.

1917.

German seaplanes over Lowestoft and Walmer.

German Zeppelin brought down by French automobile anti-aircraft gun near Revingy, France.

Germans continue bombardment on an unprecedented scale of the French positions at Verdun.

1918.

German seaplanes over Lowestoft and Walmer.

German Zeppelin brought down by French automobile anti-aircraft gun near Revingy, France.

Germans continue bombardment on an unprecedented scale of the French positions at Verdun.

1919.

German seaplanes over Lowestoft and Walmer.

German Zeppelin brought down by French automobile anti-aircraft gun near Revingy, France.

Germans continue bombardment on an unprecedented scale of the French positions at Verdun.

1920.

German seaplanes over Lowestoft and Walmer.

German Zeppelin brought down by French automobile anti-aircraft gun near Revingy, France.

Germans continue bombardment on an unprecedented scale of the French positions at Verdun.

1921.

German seaplanes over Lowestoft and Walmer.

German Zeppelin brought down by French automobile anti-aircraft gun near Revingy, France.

Germans continue bombardment on an unprecedented scale of the French positions at Verdun.

1922.

German seaplanes over Lowestoft and Walmer.

German Zeppelin brought down by French automobile anti-aircraft gun near Revingy, France.

Germans continue bombardment on an unprecedented scale of the French positions at Verdun.

1923.

German seaplanes over Lowestoft and Walmer.

German Zeppelin brought down by French automobile anti-aircraft gun near Revingy, France.

Germans continue bombardment on an unprecedented scale of the French positions at Verdun.

1924.

German seaplanes over Lowestoft and Walmer.

German Zeppelin brought down by French automobile anti-aircraft gun near Revingy, France.

Germans continue bombardment on an unprecedented scale of the French positions at Verdun.

1925.

German seaplanes over Lowestoft and Walmer.

German Zeppelin brought down by French automobile anti-aircraft gun near Revingy, France.

Germans continue bombardment on an unprecedented scale of the French positions at Verdun.

1926.

German seaplanes over Lowestoft and Walmer.

German Zeppelin brought down by French automobile anti-aircraft gun near Revingy, France.

Germans continue bombardment on an unprecedented scale of the French positions at Verdun.

1927.

German seaplanes over Lowestoft and Walmer.

German Zeppelin brought down by French automobile anti-aircraft gun near Revingy, France.

Germans continue bombardment on an unprecedented scale of the French positions at Verdun.

1928.

German seaplanes over Lowestoft and Walmer.

German Zeppelin brought down by French automobile anti-aircraft gun near Revingy, France.

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE QUOTATIONS

Private Wires

Correspondents
E. F. HUTTON & CO.,
New York
RAYMOND PYNCHON & CO.,
New York
THOMSON & M'KINNON
Chicago

Clement D. Cates & Co.

BROKERS

Members
New York Cotton Exchange,
Chicago Board of Trade.Stocks Cotton Grain
Office

FIDELITY BANK BUILDING

W. G. Jester, Mgr.

Denison Interlocking Tile

J. S. DE SILVA & CO.
1107½ Ave. C
Phone 504-R

METROPOLITAN LIFE INS. CO.

300-304 Ralston Building

Miami, Fla.

Selser Durrence, Supt.

Biscayne Drive Home

An Attractive Concrete Home—Two Lots—All Highly Developed

Biscayne Drive is the most popular street in north section of Miami, and is always going to be attractive for homes. This house is one of the best in that locality, substantial and artistic. It has 4 rooms on first floor and 3 on the second.

Realty Securities Corporation

1109 Avenue C. Phone 479.

To the Good Housewives of Miami and Dade Co.

No section in all the world grows more delicious, more nutritious vegetables than Florida.

We have made it possible for you to serve them every day in the year, serve them as tender and as delightful as if you cooked them at home.

We prepare them in one of the most sanitary and modern canneries in the world under expert supervision, and they retain all the fine flavor of a freshly picked vegetable.

Ask Your Grocer For

"Magic City Brand"

Put up in 10c cans

Lima Beans 10c

Pork and Beans 10c

Prunes 10c

Black Eye Peas 10c

If your Grocer cannot supply you, phone 266, or call

The Miami Pure Food Co.

Office, Waddell Bldg.
1108 Ave. D Miami, Fla.

HERALD ADS PAY

-- BAY FRONT --
A REMARKABLE OFFER

One of the most desirable home sites on Biscayne Bay, high elevation, with unobstructed view of bay and ocean, 100x1200 feet, full riparian rights, located only one-half mile south of Miami city limits. This is by far the cheapest bay front offered for sale, the price is only

\$11,000

W. C. GIBSON

Room 203 Ralston Bldg.

Phone 1105-X

GRIDIRON CLUB
CLOSING DINNER
FOR THE SEASON

President Wilson, Members of the Cabinet and Other Noted Guests There

Washington, Feb. 19. Patriotic fervor stirred participants at the closing dinner of the season given by the Bridgton Club of Washington Saturday night with President Wilson, members of the cabinet, and others prominent in government and business life of the nation, as guests.

Songs that rang with the spirit of Americanism and demonstrations of loyalty to the president were interspersed with travesties on the peace note leak investigation, woman suffrage pickets at the White House gates, prohibition for the District of Columbia, California's part in the national election with Senator-elect Hiram Johnson impersonating himself and with other satirical allusions to various phases of national life.

The leak inquiry was caricatured in several sketches, one of them a musical melange and another a melodramatic effusion entitled "The Waif" in which "Administration Leak" appeared as the heroine and "Barney (T. W.) Lawson" as the irrepressible villain. Introducing the musical sketch, one of the correspondents with a tremolo tenor sang "Down on the Leaky Way" which was followed by another song by a club member in the character of Representative Wood, of Indiana, whose resolution led to the congressional investigation into charges of a leak on the peace note message.

The "Leaky Way" chorus ran thus:

Come where the information oozes
Down on the Leaky Way,
Come see the Lambs at play,
Bears eager for the fray;
Come hear the tickler gently ticking,
Giving the leaks away.
See the brokers gay,
They are making hay,
Down on the Leaky Way.

The impersonator of Representative Wood was presented as "William Wood, the Plumber, the Man Who Stops the Leaks," who sang:

I come from Indiana,
A statesman great and true,
And when I smell a scandal
I don't care what I do;
Oh, if I hear a rumor
I follow it for weeks,
For I'm William Wood, the plumber,
I'm the guy who stops the leaks.

"Hazel Jones" as one of the silent suffrage sentinels at the White House was introduced and made the target of several jibes in a minstrel sketch.

"Do you know Hazel Jones?" queried one of the wandering minstrel correspondents.

"Why, yes," was the response. "She is one of the silent sentinels at the White House gates."

"Do you know Hazel had an awful accident?"

"Is that so? What happened to Hazel?"

"Why, one of those big fat squirrels in the White House grounds bit off her ear."

"That's terrible. Did they kill the squirrel?"

"No, indeed. The president said it wasn't the squirrel's fault, and the president was right."

"I must disagree with you. The president was wrong."

"Well, suppose you were a squirrel and you were hungry and you couldn't get any pork-chops, or lamb chops, beef steak, or fried onions, or anything like that, and you were just a plain, old-fashioned squirrel with an appetite for nuts, and for eight hours in the rain and the snow and the sleet somebody stood in front of your house that they called Hazel—. I leave it to you. The president was right, he sure was right."

"Camping Tonight" was a song to the suffrage sentinels, running thus:

We're camping tonight on the White House grounds,
Give us a rousing cheer;
Our golden flag we hold aloft,

RSC
12TH ST. LEASE

Ninety-nine Year Lease on One of Best Business Locations.

This is a desirable method of securing a splendid location. It provides for an annual rental charge, giving lessee opportunity to use his capital in a building. This lease would cover fifty feet and can be made very profitable. See us at once.

Realty Securities Corporation
1109 Avenue C. Phone 479.

FINANCIAL NEWS

Furnished The Herald Daily By Clement D. Cates & Co., Jacksonville and Miami

New York, Feb. 19.—Liverpool due 8½ to 9½ points higher. Opened steady at 8 to 10 points advance. At mid-day the market was quiet but steady at a net advance of 14 to 15 points. Spots in fair demand at 4 points advance. Middle 10.90d. Sales 8,000 bales, including 7,000 American. On this basis New York is due to open as follows: March 16.02; May 16.18; July 16.23; October 15.76. Later cables were 1 point lower than at mid-day on May-June.

There were rains Saturday and Sunday in the South Atlantic and Gulf states. Indications are for general precipitation east of the Mississippi today and tomorrow.

Summary: The net shortage of freight cars on February 1st was 109,770 compared with 62,247 cars on January 1st. Bethlehem Steel's controversy with the British government over \$50,000,000 shell contract for Russia settled and company sells 50,000,000 on its notes to fulfill the great contract. President to go before congress this week and ask for free hand in dealing with situation between United States and Germany. Partial elections in several places in Oriente Province set for February 20 suspended by President Menocal because they are in hands of Cuban rebels. Business demoralized throughout Cuba owing to revolt but sugar industry has not been seriously affected. Official circles in Vienna believe that break between Austria-Hungary and United States may yet be avoided. Beginning tonight the port of New York at quarantine will be closed to outward and inward bound vessels. Average price twenty industrials 92.70, up .89; twenty active rails 97.63, up .49.

Car lots: Wheat 14; 214; 230. Corn, 92; 3; 99; 503. Oats 91; 40; 84; 214. Stock Yard report: Hogs 5 to 10c lower; receipts 70,000 vs. 60,000 last year; left over 2,200; top price 12.40. Cattle 10 to 15c lower; receipts 26,000; sheep 10c lower; receipts 22,000.

Stock Letter: The recent selling of Bethlehem Steel is explained by their issue of fifty million notes. Apparently the companies doing a war business have had difficulties to meet. Railroad congestion becomes worse and will seriously affect earnings, especially in the west, where the roads are tied up worse than here. The recovery in investment securities the end of week was in sympathy with short covering in balance of the list. You must expect a waiting market until we hear from Washington. Hutton.

Cotton Letter: Shipping situation becoming more settled. We look for gradual advance in prices and would buy cotton on any fair sized recession. Hutton.

Grain Letter: Wheat—While nothing radical in the political news, its general color is not reassuring. Offsetting the uneasiness likely to be created by this is the reported sailing of 12 vessels from New York harbor yesterday and probability of several more today also an absence of precipitation over the winter wheat belt. Traffic conditions are the immediate factor but the new crop will soon be of special importance in view of probable depletion of northwest car service.

Provisions and Grain

New York, Feb. 19.—Liverpool is about 5 points better than due. The textile papers show a very decided tendency to look on the optimistic side. The embargo on shipments to eastern points is exercising a sustaining influence on the near months. Speculation is very slack and the strength of the market is due almost entirely to trade conditions. Ferrall.

Bache says: We look for further improvement in the market today, but cannot expect any sustained advance until possibility of an extensive export tie-up has been removed and the foreign political situation takes more definite shape.

Liverpool closed 26 to 29 up on old and 20 up on new. Firm.

Six cents for ¼ of one potato at the lunch counter certainly will not lessen the demand for other starches. It is a distinct item in making wheat prices. Babcock 10:40 a. m.

Steamer Iola has been sunk. It is British.

Wheat still firm, no important selling. General trade remains small.

Visible prospects with 4 points to come wheat decrease 759,000; corn increase 434,000; oats decrease 387,000.

Stock Quotations Yesterday

	Open	High	Low	Close
Atchison, Topeka & S. F.	102 ¾	103	102 ¾	103
American Locomotive	71 ½	71 ¾	71	71 ½
Acadona	77 ½	78	77	77 ¾
American Smelting & Ref.	98 ¾	98 ¾	98	98 ¾
Baldwin Locomotive Works	55 ½	55 ½	53	54
Butte & Superior	47	47 ¼	47	47
American Can Co.	44 ¼	44 ¼	44	44 ½
Canadian Pacific	153 ½	154 ¼	153 ½	154 ¼
Colorado Fuel	45 ½	47	44 ¾	47
Central Leather	87	87	81	86 ½
Crucible Steel	65	67 ¾	64	66 ¾
Erie R. R.	26 ½	26 ½	26 ½	26 ½
Inspiration Copper	56 ½	57	56 ½	57
Mexican Petroleum	88 ¼	89 ¼	87 ½	89 ¼
New York Central	95 ¾	96	95 ¾	95 ¾
Pennsylvania	54 ¾	54 ¾	54 ¾	54 ¾
Republic Iron and Steel	78 ¾	79 ¼	78 ½	78 ¾
Reading	92 ¾	92 ¾	91 ¾	91 ¾
Southern Pacific	94	94	93 ¾	93 ¾
Union Pacific	138 ½	138 ½	137 ¾	138 ½
United States Steel	107	107 ¼	106 ¾	107 ¼
Utah Copper	109 ¾	110	109 ¾	109 ¾
Ken. Copper	42 ½	44 ¼	42 ¼	44 ½
Gen. Motors	104	104	104	106
Studebaker	104	104 ¼	103 ¾	104 ½
Ohio Cities Gas	98 ¾	103	98 ¾	101 ¾
COTTON				
May	16.10	16.42	16.05	16.34
July	16.31	16.49	16.17	16.40
October	15.83	16.07	15.77	15.98
WHEAT				
May	174 ¼	176 ¾	174 ¼	175 ¾
July	149 ¾	150 ¾	149 ½	150 ¼
September	139 ¾	139 ¾	139	139 ¼
CORN				
May	101	102 ¼	101 ¾	102
July	99 ¾	100 ¼	99	100 ¼
May	57	57 ¾	57	57 ¾
July	55	55 ¾	55	55 ¾
OATS				
May	57	57 ¾	57	57 ¾
July	55	55 ¾	55	55 ¾

Of cops we have no fear.
Many of the pickets are weary to-night.
Wishing for the war to cease
Many are the chilblains and frost bites, too,
It is no life of ease.

"Tom Lawson, Barney Baruch, Charley Sabin and Otto Kahn" appeared as a quartet, singing:

"They met Tom Lawson in the street, Barney and Charles and Ot. He said: 'You boys appear to know More than the